Middletown Transcript.

VOL. VI. MIDDLETOWN, NEW CASTLE COUNTY, DELAWARE, SATURDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 13, 1873. NO. 37.

Middletown Directory.

CORPORATION OFFICERS.

TOWN COMMISSIONERS.—T. E. Hurn, President; J. H. Scowdrick, Secretary; John B. Roberts, S. R. Stephens, 1 vacancy.
ASSESSOR.—Charles E. Anderson.
TREASURER.—DeW. C. Walker.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.—DeW. C. Walker.
CONSTABLE AND POLICEMAN.—John W. Hayes.

NOTARY PUBLIC.

John A. Reynolds.

TRUSTEES OF THE ACADEMY.

John P. Cochran, Pres.; Henry Davis, Treas.; Sam'l Penington, Sec.; B. Gibbs, James Kanely, R. T. Cochran, 1 vacancy.

SCHOOL COMMISSIONERS.

DISTRICT No. 60.—Albert Pennington, Wm. H. Cann, Wm. Green, clerk.
DISTRICT No. 94.—E. T. Evans, Chas. E. Anderson, W. J. H. Lingo, Clerk.

OFFICERS OF CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK.

DIRECTORS.—Dr. J. V. Crawford, B. Gibbs, C. B. Ellison, B. T. Biggs, John A. Reynolds, Jas. Culbertson, Henry Clayton, E. C. Fenimore, J. B. Cazier.
PRESIDENT.—J. V. Crawford.
CASHIER.—J. R. Hall.
TELLERS.—J. B. Clarkson, John S. Crouch.

DIRECTORS OF TOWN HALL CO.

J. M. Cox, Pres; Sam'l Penington, Sec.; J. R. Hall, Treas.; R. A. Cochran, Thos. Massey, Dr. Wm. H. Barr, and R. T. Lockwood.

CHURCHES.

ST. ANNE'S PROT. EPISCOPAL, Rev. John Collins McCabe, D. D., Rector. Divine service on Sundays at 10.30 A. M. and 7.45 P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M. Lecture on Fridays at 4 P. M.
FOREST PRESBYTERIAN, Rev. John Patton, D. D. Pastor. Service every Sunday at 10.30 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Sunday School at 9 A. M. Lecture on Wednesdays at 7.30 P. M. Sunday School in the Chapel at Armstrong's Corner every Sunday at 2.30 P. M.
METHODIST EPISCOPAL, Rev. Vaughn Smith, Pastor. Service every Sunday at 10.30 A. M. and 7.45 P. M. Sunday School at 9.30 A. M. and 2.30 P. M. Prayer meeting on Thursdays at 7.45 P. M.
COLORED METHODIST, Rev. J. W. Brown, Pastor. Service every other Sunday at 10.30 A. M.; 3, and 8, P. M. Sunday School every Sunday at 1 P. M.

MASONIC.

ADONIRAM CHAPTER, No. 5, R. A. M. Meets in Masonic Hall on the second and fourth Fridays of every month at 8 o'clock, P. M.
UNION LODGE, No. 5, A. F. A. M. Meets on the first and third Tuesdays of every month, at 8 o'clock, P. M., Masonic Hall.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

DAMON LODGE, No. 12. Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Lodge Room in the Town Hall.

I. O. O. F.

GOOD SAMARITAN LODGE No. 9. Meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Lodge Room in Cochran Hall, No. 2 Cochran Square.

BUILDING AND LOAN.

MIDDLETOWN B. & L. ASSOCIATION. Meets on the first Thursday of every month at 8 o'clock, P. M.
MUTUAL LOAN ASSOCIATION OF MIDDLETOWN.—Meets on the third Tuesday of every month at 8 o'clock, P. M.

DIAMOND STATE BRASS BAND.

Meets for practice every Monday evening at 8 o'clock, P. M.

POST OFFICE.

OFFICE HOURS.—Opens at 6.30 A. M. and closes at 9 P. M. every day, except Sunday.
Mails for the North close at 8.45 A. M. and 2.15 P. M.
Mail for the South closes at 11 A. M.
Mails for Odessa close at 11.20 A. M. and 7.30 P. M.
Mails for Warwick, Sassafras and Cecilton close at 11.20 A. M.

RAILROAD.

Passenger trains going North leave at 9.09 A. M. and 2.38 P. M.; going south, at 11.25 A. M. and 7.51 P. M. Freight trains with passenger car attached, going North, leave at about 6.30 and 7.40 P. M.; going South, at about 2.30 and 7.00 A. M.

STAGE LINES.

Stage for Odessa with U. S. Mail, leaves shortly after the arrival of the 11.25 A. M. and 7.51 P. M. mail trains.
Stages for Warwick, Sassafras and Cecilton leave shortly after the arrival of the 11.25 A. M train.

THOMAS MASSEY, JR.

CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER,

Main Street, next door to National Hotel

Middletown, Delaware

CLOCKS, Watches, Jewelry, &c. neatly and promptly repaired.

Always on hand and for sale, Clocks, Watches, Plated Ware, Forks, Spoons, Silver Napkin Rings, Silver Thimbles, Salt, Sugar and Tea Spoons, Butter Knives, Gold Breast-Pins, Ear-Rings, Finger-Rings, Sleeve Buttons, Watch Chains, Watch Keys, Key Rings, Steel Watch Chains, &c.

AGENT FOR

DeVINNY'S SPECTACLES.

Dec. 12—tf.

MIDDLETOWN MARKET HOUSE.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce to the public that he has taken the store house on North Broad St., Middletown, Del., formerly occupied by Taylor & Son, (having bought out their interest), where he will keep always on hand a well-selected stock of choice

Groceries, Fruits and Provisions,

as well as a full supply of fresh Vegetables, &c., in season. Call and satisfy yourselves.

July 12-tf. D. W. ELIASON.

MUSIC.

MUSIC for parades, excursions, pic-nics, &c., either Brass or String, will be furnished by the DIAMOND STATE CORNET BAND of Middletown. ☞ Terms moderate.

W. H. JOHNSON,

may 31-3m. Business Manager.

Select Poetry.

"HEAR ME SAY MY LITTLE PRAYER."

O'er the dark and stormy waters
Fell the fast and chilling rain;
And the vessel, speeding onward,
Braved the fierce and angry main.
Sheltered in the pleasant cabin,
Spoke the little one so fair,
"Come and kneel beside me, mama,
Hear me say my little prayer."

While without the storm was beating,
Kneeling by the mother's side,
Little snow-white hands uplifted,
Prayed the mother's joy and pride.
Oh! her face, so calm and trusting,
Seeme a gentle angel's there,
While her rosy lips repeated,
"Hear me say my little prayer."

Darkly, sadly, dawned the morrow;
Never more those lips so sweet,
To that pale and weeping mother
Words of joy and love repeat.
Far above the wreck and tumult,
In the land so bright and fair,
Angels hear the mother's darling
Sweetly say her little prayer.

—*George Cooper.*

Popular Miscellany.

A STORY OF A LIFETIME.

In the city of Portland, Me., in the memorable martial year of 1861, a respectable merchant was moved to grave anxiety by his only daughter's infatuation with a masculine admirer, of whose antecedents and character it was very difficult for her or her family to gain any definite knowledge. She had been introduced to him in a mixed company, on some semi-public occasion, by an acquaintance knowing him only slightly and by name. His first subsequent call upon her at her home had been without formal invitation; and, indeed, his forwardness in improving the introduction would have been resented by the young lady herself but for her immediate 'strong liking' as the phrase is, for the man.

He was handsome and gentlemanly; and, beyond this, had what she persisted in regarding as a face to be implicitly trusted.

Her parents—her father in particular—refused to accept this latter characteristic in lieu of all other ordinary guarantees of social trust-worthiness; and after expostulating vainly with her against encouraging an acquaintance with a visitor of whose origin and avocation no one in town seemed able to give any satisfactory information, took renewed pains to ascertain what manner of person their daughter's suspicious admirer really was.

Little by little came the discovery that he lived in a covert way by his wits. A friend of the merchant's was sure that he had once seen him coming out of a gaming house; another, who boarded in the same house with him, reported that he kept strange hours.

In short the father succeeded in gathering enough information of this kind to feel justified in assuring his daughter that her now devoted caller was not a respectable character, and declaring that he must come to the house no more. The parental fiat had been in allowing the acquaintance to go on even thus far under matter of such doubt, and its penalty was shown in the girl's resolute refusal to believe anything against her hero. He had a face, she persisted in saying, that refuted every calumny upon his honor, and any one who knew the first thing about physiognomy would say that such a frank, honest countenance could not belong to a bad man.

Parental authority, refusing to be moved by this argument, and continuing its ban against the lover, the infatuated damsel capped the climax of her filial disobedience at last by a clandestine marriage and elopement with the object of her faith.

They were traced to the parsonage where the matrimonial knot had been tied, and from thence had disappeared from the city. Never having anticipated such a result as this, the deserted parents were overwhelmed with grief and fearful apprehension, and lost all heart for the future. The mother who had been an invalid for some time, died under the shock; and the father, at this accumulation of misfortune, sank into a lethargy from which he rallied only to find himself a bankrupt. Thus were family and fortune both broken up in a brief time by a thankless child's disloyalty and wilfulness.

Then the ruined merchant, too, disappeared from Portland with what little he could save from the wreck of his old home, and the story travels with him to California, whither he wandered desolately it the hope of distracting his thoughts from the past and seeking a lonely livelihood. Too old and worn to contend successfully for a new career anywhere, his business experiences on the Pacific side of the continent were but a series of feeble failures, until a day about five years ago found him the keeper of a small candy-stand on Washington street, near the old post-office, in San Francisco. Every day since then, says the *Post* of the latter city, which now takes up the tale, no matter how heaviiy the winter rain came down, or the gusty summer winds swept down from Telegraph Hill, the old man has appeared at his humble stand and sold cheap sweets to the passing children until the occurrence of incidents now to be mentioned.

Amongst his little customers there came one day, about a week ago, a bright-eyed, neatly-dressed lad, apparently in his ninth or tenth year, who bought candy to his taste and seemingly greatly pleased at its cheapness. Well he might have been, too, for the poor, old, shabby, generally crabbed vender, had seen that in the boyish face which impelled him to tempt the little fellow to come again. And never doubt that the temptation was successful. The boy came day after day for his bargain in candy, and always his face was studied by the old man with a strange kind of wistfulness. At last there was a confidence between the two, and the elder asked and was told the youngster's name.

"I thought I knew that countenance!" exclaimed the white-haired candy-man, with a curious expression of face; and requesting a neighboring merchant of the curb to take supervision of his stand for a few moments, he said that he would accompany him to his mother's house. "The youth," continued the San Francisco paper, "surprised, perhaps, at this notification, but nothing loath to oblige his old friend, led to a fine mansion on Bryant street, where a richly dressed, handsome lady appeared at his cry and immediately fell sobbing upon the neck of the candy-man, calling him 'father!'"

Thus, after ten years, the ex-merchant of Portland, met his undutiful, runaway daughter again, having been led to such reunion by her son's inheritence of his father's face. The story to be told with, many penitential tears, by the lady was as follows:

Her husband, the owner of such a memorable countenance, was really a gambler when she married him, though rather through discouraging misadventure in preceding worthier call ngs than by vicious natural taste. After their marriage, however, and flight to California, he resolutely renounced the green table and all its surroundings and bravely applied himself to legitimate business in an humble grade. Very poor and hardly pressed at first, he presently gained opportunity for a small investment in mining stocks; and this succeeding he was able to establish himself on Montgomery street as a broker. Fortune favored him at every turn, and he is now a rich, highly honored citizen of the Pacific metropolis. When their position was sufficiently assured to give them confidence, the young wife wrote a very penitent letter to her parents, in Maine, begging their forgiveness of her unfilial disregard of their demands, and pleading in extenuation thereof the manner in which her husband's physiognomy had justified her seemingly infatuated trust in it. The letter was returned to her by the Portland postmaster, with a curt note announcing her mother's death and her father's bankruptcy and disappearance, and from that time until the meeting recorded above she suffered an agony of self-reproach which not even her father's restoration to her is likely to abate altogether. That her father never returned to his candy-stand may be readily inferred, and that his reconciliation with her husband includes future ease and plenty for him, is only accordant with the commonest justice of human nature; but the general story does not leave a wholly pleasant impression, save as the reader may be able to abstract his mind from its moral compensation, and dwell only upon its physiognomic suggestions.

Bokhara.

Now that Russia has possessed Khiva, Bokhara is at her pleasure. This city is the Rome of Islamism. Its bigotry, its espionage, and its religious tyranny have no counterpart except in Jesuitical history. Woe to the man who shall, in Bokhara, break the smallest tittle of the Mohammedan ritual. In the city of Bokhara alone there are 360 mosques and 60 colleges, with an average of 2,000 students.

The character of the population, its manufactures, and social life do not materially differ from the Khanates of Khiva and Khokand, but the Osbegs, or people living in the towns, do not represent the real population, which is thoroughly nomadic and very apt to consider those who have settled as sick or insane. "We shall, I am certain, never be so indolent as you Mollahs, and remain sitting days and days in one place," said a Kirghis woman to Vambery. "Man must keep moving; for, behold, sun, moon, stars, water, beasts, birds, and fish all are in movement; it is but the dead and the earth that remain in their place."

Bokhara, with all its pretence of piety, rivals Khiva in the extent and inhumanity of its slave trade. The majority of these slaves are Persians, surprised in their villages by prowling parties of Turkomans. Torn from home and friends loaded with chains, so that the slightest movement is betrayed; clothed in rags, suffering from hunger, thirst and stripes, he is carried first to the cursed and infamous settlement on the river Etrek, for the discipline of systematic torture. If this fails to procure a ransom, he is finally sent to Khiva or Bokhara to be sold. Such a horror of this dark river and its tents of torture is felt all over Persia, that a man must be at the very extremity of anger and revenge when he allows the imprecation, "May you be driven to Etrek," to pass his lips. Vambery says their fetters rattled in every tent, for the manner in which they are chained to a post in the ground precludes the least motion without observation. One of these miserable souls was a Russian Christian. Another noble-looking Persian implored the traveler for a draught of water, which he said he had not had for two days. Forgetful, in the sight of so much misery, of his own risk Vambery gave him his water-skin and kept watch at the tent door while he drank. Yet, at the same moment, Kulkhan, the Sofi of the village, and the superintendent of these cruelties, was sitting among his spiritual disciples, expounding the ordinances about purifications to these pious thieves and murderers.

Prisoners of war have, if possible, still worse usage. While Vambery was at the court of Khiva (about eight years ago) he saw 300 brought in. They were suffering from hunger and thirst, as well as from anticipation of their fate. All under forty were chained together by iron collars and sent to the slave market; the rest went to the gallows or the block, excepting eight aged men, who, at a sign from the officer, lay down on their backs and were bound hand and foot. The executioner, kneeling upon their breasts, cut out their eyes, wiping the knife after each operation, on the hoary beard of the victim. Surely, "the dark places of the earth are full of the habitations of cruelty." On another occasion, 100 horsemen came in from an expedition with women and children tied to their horses' tails or the pommels of their saddles. Each had a sack containing the human heads he had taken. The female slaves were for the Khan, and he paid for the heads of his enemies in dresses which were called "robes of honor."

It is forbidden by the Koran to make a slave of a "believer," but yet the greater number of slaves in Central Asia belong to the orthodox sect of Islam, that is they are Sunnites. Vambery once asked a robber, renowned for his piety, how he could sell his Sunnite brother as a slave when the prophets words were, "Every Mussulman is free."

"Bi-hey!" said the Turkoman, with supreme indifference. "The Koran, God's Book, is certainly more precious than man: yet it is bought and sold for a few krans. What more can you say? Yes Joseph the son of Jacob, was a prophet, and was himself sold. Was he in any respect the worse for that?"

The number of slaves sold annually in the market of Khiva and Bokhara is not certain, but it must be very large.—Among the Tekke Turkomans alone there have been, till very recently, at least, 15,000 mounted robbers, intent by night and by day upon kidnapping expeditions; and the Tekkes are only one out of nine tribes whose avowed occupation is piracy and abduction.—*A. E. Barr, in the Christian Weekly.*

Anecdote of the Elder Booth.

Mr Elihu Burritt contributes to the February number of *Packard's Monthly* an interesting article, under the title of "Breathing a Living Soul into Dead Words," in which the following anecdote is told of the Elder Booth:

The Elder Booth was a man who threw into his impersonations an amount of heart and soul which his originals could scarcely have equalled. He did Richard III to the life, and more. He had made human passions, emotions and experiences his life's study. He could not only act but feel rage, love, despair, hate, ambition, fury hope and revenge, with a depth and force that half amazed his auditors. He could transmute himself into the hero of his impersonation, and he could breathe a power into other men's written words which, perhaps, was never surpassed. And, what is rather remarkable, when he was inclined to give illustrations of this faculty to private circles of friends, he nearly always selected some passages of Job, David or Isaiah, or other holy men of old. When an aspiring young professor of Harvard University went to him by night, to ask a little advice or instruction in qualifying himself for an orator, the veteran tragedian opened the Bible and read a few verses from Isaiah in a way that made the Cambridge scholar tremble with awe, as if the prophet had risen from the dead and was uttering his sublime visions in his ears. He was then residing in Baltimore, and a pious, urbane old gentleman of that city, hearing of his wonderful powers of elocution, one day invited him to dinner, although strongly deprecating the stage and all theatrical performances.

A large company sat down to the table and on returning to the drawing-room one them requested Booth, as a special favor to them all, to repeat the Lord's Prayer. He signified his willingness to gratify them, and all eyes were fixed upon him. He slowly and reverentially arose from his chair, trembling with the burden of two great conceptions. He had to realize the character, attributes and presence of the Almighty Being he was to address. He was to transform himself into a poor, sinning, stumbling, benighted, needy supplicant, offering homage, asking bread, pardon, light and guidance. Says one of the company present: It was wonderful to watch the play of emotions that convulsed his countenance. He became deathly pale, and his eyes, turned tremblingly upwards, were wet with tears. As yet he had not spoken. The silence could be felt; it had become absolutely painful, until at last the spell was broken as if by an electric shock, as his rich-toned voice, from white lips syllabled forth "Our Father, which art in Heaven," &c., with a pathos and fervid solemnity that thrilled all hearts. He finished; the silence continued; not a voice was heard nor a muscle moved in his rapt audience, until, from a remote corner of the room, a subdued sob was heard, and the old gentleman (the host) stepped forward, with streaming eyes and tottering frame, and seized Booth by the hand. "Sir," said he, in broken accents, "you have afforded me a pleasure for which my whole future life will feel grateful. I am an old man, and every day, from boyhood to the present time, I thought I had repeated the Lord's Prayer, but I never heard it before, never."

"You are right," replied Booth. "To read that prayer as it should be read, caused me the severest study and labor for thirty years, and I am far from being satisfied with my rendering of that wonderful production. Hardly one person in ten thousand comprehend how much beauty, tenderness and grandeur can be condensed in a space so small and in words so simple. That prayer itself sufficiently illustrates the truth of the Bible, and stamps upon it the seal of divinity." So great was the effect produced, says our informant, that conversation was sustained but a short time longer in subdued monosyllables, and almost entirely ceased; and soon after, at an early hour, the company broke up and retired to their several homes, with sad faces and full hearts.

The History of the Peach.

Artemas Ward is credited with the saying that when he boarded at different places, he always liked to eat hash, because he then knew what he was eating. Now that the peach season is opened, such of our readers as would like to know something of the history of that delicious fruit, will be interested in the following facts, which we have taken from Fulton's work on peach culture:

The peach is supposed to be a native of Persia, and its botanical name refers to that origin. It is known to have flourished in both Persia and China at a very early period, and was highly valued in both countries. It has often been found growing spontaneously in Asiatic Turkey. It is mentioned by Pliny, and several other classical writers, and many anecdotes are related of the veneration and even superstition with which it was regarded by the Asiatics.

There is no doubt but it was one of the "Trees of the Garden" which God planted in Eden, and which were to nourish and cheer our first parents in their pristine purity and happiness. It is not mentioned in the Bible, but its congener, the almond, is mentioned several times, and as early as the days of Jacob. And we find when he was preparing his present for the governor of Egypt, he commanded his son to ake "myrrh, nuts and almonds" as a gift, showing the esteem in which it was then held. Again, in the directions for making the golden candlestick, among the ornaments, the myrtle and the almond are mentioned as of the chief.

The peach, like civilization itself, traveled from the centre westward into Europe, and we find it mentioned in Roman history in the reign of the Emperor Claudius. It was highly valued by the patriarchs of Rome, and was cultivated by them as one of their choicest luxuries. It is still a standard tree in Italy.

It was introduced into England from Italy, about the middle of the 16th century, and has been cultivated there as an exotic ever since. Her cool, moist climate, however, prevents its general cultivation, and it is only grown on walls under glass, and the fruit is seldom seen except on the tables of the aristocracy.

Even in France, where the climate is much milder, it is not always reared without protection, and the fruit has never gone into general use, but is a delicacy confined to the wealthy alone, the cultivation being confined principally to gardens.

In China it is extensively cultivated in the gardens of the rich, and has attained an extraordinary size. But of their manner of propagation and culture but little is yet known, owing to the exclusive policy heretofore pursued by that ancient empire. Now, since the amelioration, among the many other benefits hoped for, a more accurate and complete knowledge of the peach is one.

The Chinese are great gardeners, and much affect the curious in horticultural as in other arts, and we may expect to learn much that is interesting, if not useful. We know already that they produce peaches of very large size, and two, at least, of rare shape—the Chinese Flat and Crooked Peach. With this beginning, we will not be surprised at still more curious developments. The curiosity, ingenuity and enterprise of our countrymen will soon discover whatever may be known.

It is to our credit that the United States is the only country in the world that, either in ancient or modern times, has produced peachs in sufficent quantities to allow them to become a common marketable commodity; so cheap, that the poor, as well as the rich, may regale themselves and their families with one of the most wholesome and delicious of fruits at a very small expense, and with every prospect that they will be still more abundant and cheap.

The Difference Between a Violin and a Fiddle.

Half a century ago, or less, the somewhat facetious Rev. Dr. Pond dwelt in the quiet and out-of-the-way village of A——, in the State of steady habits. The doctor's ideas were liberal—much more so than many of his congregation; nevertheless, he kept on the even tenor of his way and disregarded the prejudice of some of his people. He had a son named Enoch, who, at an early age, manifested a remarkable talent for music, which the father cherished and cultivated with care. In the same village resided an antiquated maiden lady, who, having no cares of her own to occupy her time and attention, magnanimously devoted herself to those of her neighbors. One morning she called at the doctor's and requested to see him. When she entered the room where he was seated, he perceived at a glance that something was amiss, and before he had time to extend the usual "How d'ye do?" she added—"I think, Dr. Pond, that a man of your age and profession might have had something better to do, when you were in New London last week, than to buy Enoch a *fiddle*; all the people are ashamed that our minister should buy his son a *fiddle!* Oh, dear, what is the world coming to, when ministers do such things? "Who told you he had a fiddle?" inquired the doctor. "Who told me? Why everybody says so, and some people have heard him play on it as they passed the door. But ain't it true, doctor?" "I bought Enoch a violin when I went to New London." "A violin? what's that?" "Did you never see one?" "Never!" "Enoch," said the doctor, stepping to the door, "bring your violin here." Enoch obeyed the command, but no sooner had he entered with his instrument than the old lady exclaimed: "La! now; there; why it is a fiddle!" "Do not judge rashly," said the doctor, giving his son the wink; "wait till you hear it." Taking the hint, Enoch played Old Hundred. The lady was completely mystified: it looked like a fiddle, but then who had ever heard Old Hundred played on a fiddle? It could not be. So, rising to depart, she exclaimed, "I am glad I came up to satisfy myself. Law me! just to think how people will lie!"

City vs. Country Newspaper.

The city weekly newspaper is usually made up from reading matter used and paid for by the daily paper; hence it costs but little; while the country paper, on account of the limited amount of the local advertising patronage, cannot afford a daily, and must make its weekly from matter expressly prepared for its columns.

The city paper is made general in character—adapted to one part of the country as well as another, and consequently has a wide field for circulation—while the country paper must be made local, and adapted to its particular latitude, hence its circulation is limited to its particular locality. But does the city paper answer the purpose, and satisfy the wants of the country reader? By no means.

The paper published in the city realizes thousands of dollars from its advertising patronage, while the local country paper gets but a meagre support from this source. The principal clerk in one of the agricultural newspaper offices in New York informed us that the "advertising patronage of their paper amounted to an annual income of over one hundred thousand dollars."

And, yet, the people of the country expect the local paper to be furnished at a lower price than the city monopoly. And while he pays cash in advance for his city paper, he puts his home paper off with a promise to pay when he sells his produce after harvest, or when he gets ready, and can best spare the money, at the end of from one to three years.

The tendency of such procedure on the part of some delinquent subscribers, as well as the recent act of Congress, taking away from country publishers and their country subscribers the only boon they ever allowed them to have, will require the utmost economy in the conducting of the country papers.

The best way for subscribers to encourage their papers and keep them up to their present standard, is to be prompt in their payments.—*Exchange.*

A Very Bad Boy.

Max Adeler mentions a report that the chief astronomer at the Washington Observatory was dreadfully sold a few days ago. A wicked boy, whose Sunday-School experience seems only to have made him more depraved, caught a firefly, and stuck it, with the aid of some mucilage, in the centre of the largest lens in the telescope. That night, when the astronomer went to work, he perceived a blaze of light apparently in the heavens, and, what amazed him more, was that it would give a couple of spurts and then die out, only to burst forth again in a second or two. He examined it carefully for a few moments, and then he began to do sums to discover where in the heavens that extraordinary star was placed. He thought he found the locality, and the next morning he telegraphed all over the universe that he had discovered a new star of the third magnitude in Orion. In a day or two all the astronomers in Europe and America were studying Orion, and they gazed at it for hours until they were mad, and then they began to telegraph to the man in Washington to know what he meant. The discoverer took another look, and found that the new star had moved about eighteen billion miles in twenty-four hours, and upon examining it closely he was alarmed to see that it had legs. When he went on the dome the next morning to polish up his glass he found the lightning-bug. People down at Alexandria, seven miles distant, heard part of the swearing, and they said he infused into it much whole-souled sincerity and vigorous energy. The bills for telegraphic dispatches amounted to $2,000 and now the astronomer wants to find that boy. He wishes to consult with him about something.

Shocking events—Earthquakes.

Agricultural.

Preparing Ground for Wheat.

August is a good time to kill briers, bushes, weeds and grass, and clean land thoroughly for seeding to wheat. Wheat ground receives less attention in close and careful plowing, harrowing, grubbing, picking and burning all trash, than the importance of the crop demands. If the plants were cultivated like corn and cotton, after they are up and while growing, less harm would result from defective preparation of the soil before seeding; but no after tillage of any kind comes to the assistance of feeble wheat plants, when partly starved and partly shaded by grass, weeds, or bushes. Not only should all enemies of this character be put out of the way, but the earth should be deeply and finely pulverized to develop the maximum of food for the benefit of the expected grain. The harvest can not well exceed the pains taken to produce it. Early plowing has many advantages. It gives time for important chemical changes to take place, and renders agricultural salts available to support the crop that would come too late, or not at all if the ground be broken a month or six weeks later. At the North, wheat land is broken in June, rarely so late as July, unless in clover kept for mowing or pasture. We notice many foul wheat fields from bad management. No one should raise cockle, cheat, garlic, or weeds of any kind in a crop of wheat, oats or barley. Have clean land and perfectly pure seed, washed in strong brine to kill smut germs, and one can then harvest clean wheat. If all the farmers in a county would agree to make a common cause against all weeds, and substitute clover for weeds when grown for the improvement of land, the yield of wheat might be largely increased, while the labor of subduing weeds would be reduced. Neat, tidy farming pays the best and looks the best. Never sow a seed of cockle, cheat, or rye with wheat, if you can avoid it.

Don't Crowd Your Trees.

Few persons escape making the great mistake of planting trees too close together. This is especially observable in a majority of cases where trees are planted in groups upon lawns. While the trees are small they look too scattering, therefore few persons can withstand the temptation of crowding them on account of the improved appearance at the time of planting, forgetting that in a few years a portion must be removed (which is seldom, if ever, done) or all will be ruined.

Evergreens in particular, are as a rule, planted too close, and the deformed specimens, in consequence, to be seen in both public and private grounds in all parts of the country show the folly of this almost universal practice. I seldom go a mile from home without seeing failures in the cultivation of evergreens, which are traceable to this one mistake of crowding. The trees are planted when only three or four feet high, and half as broad; but a half-dozen years makes a wonderful change in size and appearance, and unless planted ten to twenty or more feet apart, their branches become interlaced, and the symmetrical beauty of each crowded specimen is destroyed. Give room or plant a less number, is a safe system to follow.

HOW LITTLE LAND WILL KEEP A COW.—On the first day of June last I commenced cutting clover for one cow confined in a yard enclosed by a high, tight board fence, with a table attached to which she has been fed. She had no feed but freshly cut clover from the first of June to the fifteenth of October, and all taken from one-fourth of an acre of ground. She has averaged eighteen quarts of strained milk per day, from which my wife has made eight pounds of butter per week, during the four and a half months. The cow is five years old, and a cross of the Ayshire and Durham. She has given more milk, more butter, and of a better quality, than she has ever done on pasture. On one eighth of an acre I have raised 150 bushels of sugar beets and carrots, which with the two tons of hay will keep her handsomely the balance of the year. The labor of cutting clover for the cow is less than the driving her three-fourths of a mile to pasture; besides, the manure saved is quite an item. In the dairy districts, the usual estimate is four acres to the cow, on the hay and pasture system, whereas by soiling and raising roots five eighths of an acre is found to be sufficient.

NEWLY PLANTED TREES.—A drought directly after the planting season is almost sure death to many newly planted trees. To remedy this devices of various kinds have been tested with more or less success. Wrapping the body loosely in straight straw, and moistening the same every few days, answers a good purpose, but the soil must be preserved moist as well. To accomplish this, remove a portion of the earth from the surface of the ground directly around the tree, in the form of a basin, and cover the same with course litter. A bucket of water poured into this every evening will work wonders. During very prolonged droughts a crowbar should be used to open a series of holes around the tree the depth that the roots extend, and water poured therein will completely saturate the soil for some distance around.

A close line—"The Fed."

The Middletown Transcript.

EDWARD REYNOLDS, Editor.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

SATURDAY MORNING, SEPT. 13, 1873.

Deferential to all; Obsequious to none.

Gov. Hughes, the Republican candidate for Governor of Virginia, in explanation of his action as a delegate to the National Democratic Convention in 1868, says in a card, that he went into that convention to secure the nomination of Chief Justice Chase, but that the nomination of Seymour and adoption of the Democratic platform silenced him, and that he never afterward gave the Democratic party his support.

Attention is invited to the call in another column for a meeting of citizens to take action in reference to the enforcement of the New Liquor Law. These meetings have been held in other towns and a manifest determination evinced on the part of the law-abiding people to see the law enforced. The law is a good one, and, if properly carried out, will, doubtless, be the means of accomplishing a great deal of good. We trust that Middletown will not be behind her neighbors in her efforts to maintain so good and wholesome a law.

Great anxiety is felt at New Orleans regarding the yellow fever at Galveston and Shreveport. Private telegrams state that boats from Galveston are quarantined at Houston, thereby stopping all through travel. The following from the president of the Shreveport, La., board of trade has been received at New Orleans: "Owing to the prevailing malignant fever here and consequent panic in the country, our city has been quarantined by interior points, and trade in consequence is paralyzed." A dispatch from Austin, Texas, says a panic is prevailing in Galveston and Houston, and it is rumored that the Central, International and Great Northern railway has been blockaded.

A fellow named John Irving, living in San Francisco, California, has been making sworn statements that he had a hand in the Nathan New York murder mystery, and that he knows a good deal about it, but he can't get anybody to believe him. He is said to be a first-class pickpocket and thief and it is thought that he is taking this plan to get to New York. He now offers, on condition of protection to himself, to tell where the murdered man's memorandum book and bonds are.—Whether he knows anything about the mystery or not, it might be a good idea to bring him on, and if he fails to fulfil his part of the contract, believe his story about his connection with the murder, and hang him. The world would lose nothing.

The Texas Democratic Convention.—The Democracy of Texas, in Convention at Austin, have nominated Judge Richard Coke, of Waco, for Governor, and Hon. R. B. Hubbard for Lieut. Governor, and Stephen H. Darden, of Lockport, for Comptroller. The platform adopted by the convention is liberal and conciliatory, promising, in case of their resumption of power, to rise above resentment and administer government fairly, without respect to party or color. They further declare it is their firm conviction that legal interference with merely social habits of any class of citizens of native or foreign birth is contrary to sound policy, to genuine Democracy, and to the enlightened spirit of the age. Judge Coke, the nominee for Governor, is a native of Williamsburg, Va. He emigrated to Texas about ten years ago.

Persons who write articles for newspaper publication should be careful to review them before sending to the Printer. Editors do not always have time to make the necessary corrections in spelling and grammar, or, as is required in many instances, to re-write the entire communication. Unless these persons will use more care it would perhaps be as well for them to obey the advice of B. Dadd to young writers:

First—Don't write anything

Second—Burn it after you have written it.

Third—

—But the hints already given are probably sufficient. If strictly followed, you will never have an article rejected by a stupid editor.

Failure of the Crops in Europe.—Statistics gathered from the most reliable sources prove that the harvests in nearly all parts of Europe will be much below the general average. The *Mark Lane Express*, London, says: "We have more unfavorable reports as to wheat in England, which, in many localities, is not expected to equal even the very poor yield of last year, and there are strong hints as to danger of sprouting in the sheaf from the present occasional showers. In France [illegible] have done much damage, and a deficiency of at least ten to twelve per cent. may be relied upon. Old wheat has totally disappeared from the market, and new is supplying its place at higher prices. Rye—an extensive bread crop—in France, Belgium, Holland and Germany is reckoned as very deficient and rates are rising. In Hungary the condition of the crop has been greatly overrated. In Germany only an ordinary yield is hoped for." The *Express* sums up the situation abroad by that "with a deficient crop, exhausted stocks, and but generally moderate prospects in Europe, low prices seem almost impossible next season." The crops in this country are excellent, and we must prepare to make the most of them.

Rare Ministers.

Rev. G. W. Folwell, Baptist minister of Wilmington, for having refused numerous offers of larger salaries, &c., than he receives in Wilmington on the ground that he believed his work was in that city, is considered a "rare minister." This is all very commendable in Mr. Folwell, but he is not the only clergyman in this region who ever refused bigger churches and bigger salaries. The following, from the Richmond (Va.) *Dispatch*, of Nov. 1854, shows that there is at least *one* more of the same sort left, as well as the esteem in which the rector of St. Anne's was held in the Old Dominion:

"We see it stated that the Rev. John C. McCabe, the able and eloquent Rector of the Episcopal Church at Hampton, has received a call to St. John's Church, Mobile, and also to Trinity Church, New Orleans; both of which he has declined. Mr. McCabe is one of the most efficient and pure-hearted of the clergy of the Old Dominion, and it gives us pleasure to see his talents and character appreciated abroad as well as at home.

Another Fire in Baltimore.

BURNING OF THE HOLIDAY STREET THEATRE, BALTIMORE CITY COLLEGE AND ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL.

About half-past two o'clock on Wednesday morning a fire broke out in the rear part of the Holiday Street Theatre, which rapidly spread over the entire structure and before the fire engines could be brought to work upon it the whole building was on fire. The wind was blowing gently at the time and the sparks were carried all over that part of the city, aiding greatly to the spread of the flames. The Baltimore City College, adjoining the theatre caught fire, and is almost a total loss.

In a short time the roof of the St. Nicholas Hotel on the north of the theatre took fire, and many awnings in the vicinity were also fired by the falling sparks. This caused considerable alarm and for a time a general conflagration was feared. About a quarter past three a portion of the walls of the theatre fell in with a crash, sending up a shower of sparks and giving new vigor to the flames. By the most strenuous efforts of the firemen, assisted by the citizens who rushed to the scene and worked with a will, the flames were finally get under control, and a little after three o'clock, A. M., were confined to the theatre and city college.

The theatre was totally destroyed and its loss is greatly regretted by especially the elder portion of the city's population It was an old land mark of Baltimore, the building just destroyed having been erected in 1811-12, to take the place of the old "Play House" which had occupied the site since 1775. For the past eighteen years it has been under the management of Mr. John T. Ford, who loses about $50,000. The theatre was valued at $100,000, and was insured in eight Baltimore companies for $40,000.

The old City College building was erected in 1800, as a hall for public entertainments, by an association called the Baltimore Assemblies, of which John Eager Howard was president. In its earlier days all the great banquets were served in its Assembly Rooms, and such notable characters as Henry Clay, Daniel Webster, Davy Crocket, Andrew Jackson and Lafayette were entertained beneath its roof.

A new city college building is in the course of erection on Howard street, to take the place of the old structure, and the destruction of the latter will necessitate a little hurrying up in the completion of the former.

At the St. Nicholas Hotel, when the fire broke out, the wildest excitement occurred. There were about fifty guests in the hotel, one half of whom were women, mostly actors at the theatre, and members of the Great Eastern Circus Company. The greatest alarm prevailed, and the women rushed into the streets in their night clothes, anxiously asking after the safety of friends, &c. At length their fears were subdued and they were induced to take shelter in the neighboring houses. The total loss by the fire is estimated at $104,925, partially covered by insurance.

Laura Keene was so alarmingly ill a few days ago, at her residence in New York, that a priest was summoned, who administered to her the last rites of the Catholic church. She subsequently rallied however, sufficiently to be removed to a quiet country residence, where a change of air, it was expected, would in her health.

Local and State Affairs.

Odessa Items.

[From our Odessa Correspondent.]

Much complaint having been made of late of remissness on the part of our "City Fathers," they were, in consequence, hauled up on Monday before His Honor, our town magistrate, and required to show cause why they had not attended more faithfully to the transaction of the business of their office. It was quite an amusing sight, to the looker on, to see these "grave and reverend seigniors" marching to the office of the J. P. like so many *infringers* of the law, instead of being seated in the chair of authority, executing the laws and "ordinances" which they themselves had made. Their arraignment, however, at the bar of Justice, seems to have had the desired effect, for they have gone to work in earnest, repairing the evil which gave cause for complaint against them.

Chas. Adams, well known to your citizens as "Cool Spring Charlie" was brought up before Justice Ridgway, last Saturday, on the charge of keeping a disorderly house, and of selling liquor to an habitual drunkard. After a hearing before His Honor, he was held in $300 bail for his appearance at court, to answer for his misconduct. From these instances you will see that the citizens of our newly incorporated town intend to have good behavior within their limits.

Mrs. Janvier, of Delaware City, has just had quite an imposing monument put up over the grave of her son, Wm. H. Jamison, in old Drawyer's Cemetery, near this town. Odessa seems to have taken the lead of Middletown in the erection of fine monuments to the memory of the dead.

John Corbit, Esq., is making extensive alterations and additions to his residence on Main st. He has rebuilt it and remodeled it entirely, putting in pipes for gas, hot and cold water, bath room, &c.; in fact all the modern improvements and conveniences which will make it, when finished, one of the handsomest, as well as the most convenient, houses in the place. He has five painters from Philadelphia at work on it. They expect to finish their contract in five or six weeks.

U. S. District Court.

The September term of the U. S. District Court, for Delaware, began at Wilmington on Tuesday last. The following is a list of the jurors summoned to attend it:

Grand Jury.—George Richardson, R. R. Robinson, John H. Walraven, W. H. McManus, Thos. Darlington, Henry Eckel, E. J. Pierce, Lewis Thompson, Chas. Corbit, Jr., William Stuckert, James A. Benson, H. H. McMullin, W. W. Hurdle, Jas. B. Coffin, David W. Barr, Adolphus P. Ewing, Henry Wolf, Joshua S. Burton, William Scott, Chas. E. Simmons, Jas. R. Needles, Jacob W. Prettyman, John Burton.

Petit Jury.—M. B. Stotsenburg, James Parke Postles, Wm. A. Scheen, Wm. Bowen, John F. Reybold, Penton Belville, John Lewden, John D. Carter, Nathaniel Bayne, Chas. P. Parr, Andrew Carey, William Green, Beniah W. Truitt, Joseph V. K. Wells, Joseph M. Davis, George D. Stevens, Jas. Ready, J. W. Adkins, R. S. Hemmons, Robert H. Gilman, James Houston, A. K. Hall, James S. Richards, Alfred Short, Benj. J. Moore, John R. Wilson, Elijah H. Warrington, E. C. Stradley, Wrixham W. White, Walter Burton.

The bankruptcy case of J. Marshal Harlan was continued.

Several indictments have been prepared by the District Attorney, and sent to the Grand Jury, including those against John H. Van Gesel, former postmaster at Harrington, charged with appropriating money on a P. O. order; Frances Fernandez, the colored woman, charged with forgery and obtaining money by personation, or post-office order; and Jester, charged with selling tooth-paste, not properly stamped.

Acepala.

Dr. J. S. Prettyman, of the Milford *News*, and S. Wood, Jr., were appointed delegates from the Central Delaware Fruit Growers' Association to the American Pomological Association, which met at Boston on Wednesday last.

Somebody claims to have found a new peach in Kent county, which resembles the Old Mixon on one side and the Crawford's Late on the other.

L. G. Wiswell, who lived near Milford, was thrown out of his wagon a few weeks ago and so fatally injured, internally, that he has since died.

It is said that Kent county wants to buy the whole of the burnt hotel property in Dover, on which to build her new Court House, &c.

Old Drawyer's Church---Centennial Celebration.

The one hundredth anniversary of the erection of the old Drawyer's Church building, near Odessa, will take place to-morrow. Several clergymen who officiated as pastors of that old church many years ago have been invited and are expected to be present on this interesting occasion. Among these is the Rev. Joseph Wilson, who was installed pastor, of the congregation who worshipped in that old building, fifty-one years ago; Rev. I. W. K. Handy, is also expected to be present.

The services will consist of centennial sermons, historical addresses, some choice music by a select choir, &c. Should the weather be pleasant it is expected that a large assemblage will be present.

Shot.

A boy named Pennington, who resides with his mother at Front and Clayton streets, was accidentally shot in the side by another boy, while gunning for birds on the marsh near the phosphate factory of Walton, Whann & Co., on Friday last. He was conveyed to his home in a wagon belonging to the above firm, and a physician was called in, when the wound was properly dressed. His recovery is considered very doubtful.—*Republican.*

Severely Injured.

A few days ago, a lad named James Carmichael, aged 5 years, residing at No. 619 West Sixth street, met with a serious accident of a very sad character. The little fellow was running along the street when a companion with whom he was playing pointed an umbrella at him. The sharp point of the umbrella entered his eye totally ruining the sight of the injured organ. It is also feared that the sight of the other eye is seriously affected.

New Express Wagon.

Mr. W. W. Wilson has recently purchased a new and very excellent express wagon for the accommodation of the Middletown public. Mr. Wilson's zeal in the prosecution of his business is highly commendable. The free delivery of express matter at their residences, lately started by him, is a great accommodation to our citizens, and Mr. W. certainly has merited thereby their encouragement and *patronage*.

I. O. R. M.

The Great Council of the United States of this society convened in Wilmington last Tuesday. A number of chief officers with long, jaw-breaking titles, nearly all having the prefix *Great*, were present from all parts of the country. Their session lasted several days, a full report of which occupies the columns of the Wilmington papers, understood and appreciated, probably, by one out of every hundred of their readers.

Robbery at Newark.

The residence of E. R. Wilson, Esq., near Newark, was entered by some scoundrel, who had not the fear of the Sheriff's cat before his eyes, last Saturday night, and several articles of jewelry, consisting of a valuable hunting-case watch, gold chain and a lady's bracelet were taken.

Citizens' Meeting.

The citizens of Middletown and vicinity are particularly requested to meet in the school house of district No. 60, this (Saturday) evening, at 4 o'clock, to take action in regard to a strict enforcement in this town of the Liquor Law passed at the last session of the Legislature.

MANY CITIZENS.

Escaped from Jail.

John Caldwell, sentenced a year ago to three years imprisonment for horse-stealing, escaped from New Castle jail last Sunday night. Sheriff Armstrong offers a reward of fifty dollars for his arrest.

St. Augustine P. E. Church.

There will be Divine Service at this Church, on Bohemia Manor, to-morrow afternoon (D. V.) at three o'clock. Rev. H. A. Skinner will officiate.

Row at a Negro Camp.

The negroes had a lively time at their camp-meeting, near the Children's Home, in Blackbird Forest, last Sunday. A big negro named Price, had been appointed a member of a committee to keep order on the ground, and in the prosecution of the duties of his office he came across another "dark," from Odessa, who had a bottle of whiskey. This, Price demanded the surrender of, and, on being refused, he proceeded to take it *vi et armis*, knocking the Odessa negro down and beating him unmercifully. The proceedings that followed this action are thus described by a correspondent of *Every Evening*:

The news of the attack soon spread, and in a short time the friends of the beaten man collected together to the number of about one hundred and fifty, and, having armed themselves to the teeth with guns, pistols, axes, knives and razors, made an attack upon the camp, demanding the surrender of Price, who they fully determined lynching on the spot. This threat so fully terrified the campites that they dispersed like sheep, except about a dozen of Price's friends, who with him, took refuge in a tent where they were held close prisoners for over an hour. Squire Wilson, of Appoquinimink hundred, who had, with a few other white men, been uneasy witnesses to the proceedings about the tent, in company with a Mr. Vandyke, now stepped forward and in the name of the State commanded peace, and ordered Price and his friends to come out and they should be protected. This, apparently, added fuel to the flame, and for a few minutes, the lives of the two gentlemen were in great danger, but by firmness a full explanation of the great risk the mob was running in their actions, they finally got order, when Price came out and was immediately taken charge of by Wilson and Vandyke, and hurried out of the woods to a place of safety, followed at a distance by the mob, yelling and shouting like so many devils.

The scene, as described by an eye-witness was terrible, and had it not been for the coolness and nerve of Messrs Wilson and Vandyke, there is not the least doubt a number on both sides would have been killed, as the mob was fully determined to take Price and hang him, and expressed their determination to wait until night and then fire the tent for that purpose.

A number of women were participants in this disgraceful affair, all, also, armed, one with a hatchet hanging to her enormous bustle. What became of Price is at present not known, but efforts will be made to capture him and try him for the assault and battery. The man who Price attacked is badly hurt, and it is said there are grave doubts of his recovery. The affair created an intense excitement among the colored people of Odessa and Middletown, and fears are still entertained of a collision if any number of them should meet. It might be well for the constables of the two places to appoint deputies, and to keep a sharp look out for any disturbance of the peace.

A Good Hotel.

The Delaware Hotel, of Wilmington, under the management of G. W. Ortlip, Esq., is a first-class house in the true meaning of the word. The table is well supplied with excellent *eatables*, served up in a manner to tempt the appetite of the most fastidious, while everything about the house looks as neat and comfortable as could be wished. Mr. Ortlip is always glad to see any or all of his old Middletown friends when they are in Wilmington, and they will have no reason to complain of his treatment if they stop with him.

New Advertisements.

Granville Worrell, proprietor of the Delaware Carpet House, advertises a large stock of the choicest assortments of excellent carpets at very low prices, "consequent upon *direct importations*;" also a large and attractive stock of Fall Dry and Dress Goods, just received, at the most reasonable rates. Delawareans should patronize Home Industry.

New Music.

"Picking Cherries Down the Lane," and "Happy Hours," are two new songs by Millard which will probably become popular favorites. They can be had at Messrs. Robelen & Bro.'s music store in Wilmington, or they will be sent free of postage, to any address, on receipt of price, by the publishers, Lee & Walker, 922 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

Thanks.

We acknowledge, with thanks, the receipt of a basket of most excellent grapes from our highly esteemed friend, Rev. George Villiger, Pastor of St. Francis Xavier's Church, near Warwick.

Maryland Affairs.

The fair of the Kent County Agricultural Association, for which great preparations are being made, will take place on the 30th inst., and will be held at Worton Station, on the Kent county railroad, three miles from Chestertown, having direct communication with Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. There will be trials of speed each day. Hon. James T. Earle, of Queen Anne's county, will deliver the annual oration.

Highly Encouraging.—Dr. H. R. Pitts, R. J. Henry and Lemuel Showell, Esqs., were in Salisbury on Wednesday week, soliciting subscriptions to the New Seaside Resort stock, (big hotel near Berlin) and were encouraged to the amount of $2,16?. They stated that citizens in Worcester county have taken $4 790, Philadelphia, $5,500, the Western Shore of Md., and Baltimore city $25,000.

Five prisoners broke out of jail at Princess Anne, Somerset county, on Thursday of last week, who were placed there for safe keeping, there being no jail in Wicomico county, where they were to be tried. They were all colored, and charged with theft. Their names are as follows: John Luckey, Charles Luckey, John Dorsey, George Smith and George Cottoman; the latter not over twenty years of age.

Attempted Rape.—Solomon Fletcher, a plasterer, was lodged in the Queen Anne's county jail Friday week, in default of $500 bail to answer the charge of attempting to violate the person of Mrs. Anna E. Cohall, a widow residing in Queenstown. Fletcher, we learn, was under the influence of liquor at the time.

Mrs. Willis, wife of Thos. A. Willis, of Cambridge, Dorchester county, fell dead in her room on Monday last. She had walked out in the peach orchard with some children, and, on returning, said she never felt so warm, and instantly fell dead.

The Elkton and Massey's R. R.—The Elkton *Democrat*, of Saturday says, proposals have been made by a responsible party to build the Massey's Railroad on such terms, slightly modified, as the Board of Directors will probably feel justified in accepting.

A committee has been appointed to prepare a charter for a proposed bank in Cambridge, Dorchester county, and present the same to the Legislature for its action.

The Cecil paper mill, built on the site of the old Forge property, on Octoroon, three miles from Rising Sun, Cecil county, turns out about twelve tons of paper per week.

Mrs. Sarah H. Ritter, of Baltimore, has sold her double-house, on Main street, Elkton, with double-houses back, to Jonathan Drennen, for $3,000 cash.

Washington Hinton, colored, was arrested at Cecilton, on the 1st inst., charged with the murder of a colored female child, and committed to Elkton jail.

The farm of R. C. Lewis, (31 acres,) one and a half miles from Elkton, has been sold to Mr. Joseph Entwistle, of Philadelphia, for $1,200.

Elizabeth Hawkins, colored, was arrested on Wednesday last, at Chesapeake City, and taken to Elkton jail, on charge of killing her child.

Five prisoners from Wicomico county, in the Princess Anne jail, made their escape on Thursday night last.

Swift Justice.—John Gundacher, of Lancaster, Pa., on Thursday stole a coat from Mr. Landis, of Spring Garden township, containing a pocket-book and promissory notes amounting to 3,500. On Friday morning he was arrested, and acknowledged his guilt. The same afternoon he was taken to court and sentenced to the penitentiary for one year. The property was recovered.

For the Middletown Transcript.

MIDDLETOWN, SEPT. 4, 1873.

Mr. Editor:—Having a little law business to transact in the upper regions of New Jersey, it was our fate to take a ride on the through express over the great and wonderful Pemberton & Hightstown R. R.—Amboy Division of the great Pennsylvania road. Reaching Phila., there much to our dissatisfaction we learned that we had but fifteen minutes to gain the Market St. wharf. Of course dinner was out of the question. Buying excursion tickets to Pemberton, with the intention of there buying tickets to carry us the remainder of our journey, thinking by these means we would save a dime, ere we were aware we found ourselves gently gliding over the still waters of the Delaware, and landed on Jersey shore. No time for dinner here. "Step quick—hurry up—no time for delay—train starts in half a minute," &c. This was the news learned here. Well, reaching the train in time, and no more than started, when in came a man of unusual statue, aged about two-score and ten, whose dimension was about 4 feet by 2, short iron-grey hair, with some kind of a Jersey twist on top; black eyes, but a miserable long and pot-hooked nose. His dress was in proportion to his looks. Those of you who have ever seen old Horace can better imagine the dress of this man.—These characteristics were different from what one generally sees on this shore, still there was something about his whole demeanor that to our mind classed him as a full blooded Jerseyman. On entering "Tickets, please," demanded he, and we at once learned he was the conductor, whom we hereafter called Moses Broomstick.—Being strangers on this road, we were very anxious to see all that was going on. At every station Moses would take his exit and inquire of the agent how many tickets had been sold. Having ascertained this, Moses would seat himself upon the brakes of the hind car with bell rope in hand, waiting for the engineer to ask if all were ready, and a brakesman to call out "All aboard!" he would pull the bell for at least twenty-five seconds as if for fun But Moses had a poor memory. If he learned that five tickets had been sold and had seen ten persons get on the train, he would collect the tickets and forget about the other five, who, doubtless knowing Moses' failing, had abstained intentionally from buying tickets. But more about Moses hereafter.

The crops looked remarkably well, everything appeared green and refreshing, indicating there had been plenty of rain and at growing intervals. They have a prospect for a large crop of corn. Not a poor field did we observe. Pasturage, generally, is good. The sweet potato crop, we learned, was excellent. Of the great many stopping places, towns, villages, cross roads, &c., (which, I think, were thirty-eight in a distance of forty miles), Merchantsville, Mount Holly, Evansville, Pemberton, and Lewistown, each of these from all appearances, were certainly beautiful and desirable little towns to live in. Mount Holly particularly attracted our attention. We did not learn its population but judged it was of considerable note. It is situated on a level platea, encircled by a great number of shade trees, but immediately surrounding are small mountains or large hills, from which we supposed its name was derived. It's a very lively place and many new buildings are in erection. Slowly advancing from station to station, mentally fatigued by the great anxiety of reaching our destination, and by the great anxiety of once more getting off this road, we soon reached New Egypt. Here, after having transacted our business, obtaining our dinners, about 6 P. M., and much encouraged by our success, we were ready for home. Having half hour to spare we took a bird's-eye view of Egypt, a small country town, but in a beautiful, healthy and romantic situation. Inquiring of three of its older inhabitants as to about its population they each answered "I don't know rightly." Judging this was a stereotyped expression, we asked no further questions.

But now to a few events on our home trip we wish to call your attention. We had hoped all along to have a better car and a more accommodating man as conductor on our home journey. Scarcely were we comfortably seated when in came Moses Broomstick, with his pumpkin lantern, after tickets. A more rough, close, dirty, narrow contracted car, for a passenger car, human being never rode in; and there was no choice, this being the only one except the baggage car. It was very narrow, about five feet high, built by the C. & A. R. R. Co. in '62. One having had a ride in it and not knowing when railroad cars were first introduced, would doubtless judge this car was built centuries before the Christian era. We ascertained of Moses how long ere we reach Phila. Ten minutes, was the reply. We felt considerably consoled at this, but were satisfied that he had told—well—he was mistaken. Scarcely would we get a hundred yards seemingly when again Moses pulled the bell rope to stop at some cross road or some private dwelling as a Jerseyman wished to ship a watermelon or a cantelope to the Phila. market. Perhaps at the next halt a jug of milk was to be freighted, a basket of sweet potatoes or a pumpkin, and then again, before aware of the fact we would be switched off on some branch track, awaiting the passage of some train. Of course no trains awaited us, we switched off for all. By this time, smothered with dust, covered with sand and black with coal cinders, shaken to death nearly, and very thirsty, we determined to quench our thirst. There being but half glass water in the cooler, and doubtless that put in the Saturday previous.—Moses Broomstick informed us it could be had at the next station. There we tried, but the door of the room containing cooler was locked. So we waited for the *next* station, and just about in the act of drinking Moses spied us, and for the first time sang out "All aboard," and jerked the bell. Being fooled the third time and believing he was "spotting us," our anger began to rise, we only longed for a chance to give vent to our feelings. I believe one of us did swear at Moses a little. Finally we got on the right side of the engineer and obtained a glass of warm water. Thus, under these difficulties and many others similar we labored until we reached Camden, arriving here at 10½ o'clock, having left New Egypt at 7; a distance of 40 miles made in 3½ hours, an average of about 11½ miles per hour.

And now to the readers of the Transcript who may be so *unfortunate* as to have occasion of traveling on this road, we sincerely recommend to them the following advice: That to whatever station, city, or town you may visit, whether it be from one exterminus to the other, unless you are consciously opposed to cheating a railroad company, buy your ticket for the next station only. It will carry you through.—The only thing we regret is that we did not buy our tickets for a nearer station—we could have gone just as far. Secondly, take enough provisions with you to last at least a day; you may get to your destination in due season, but it is more than likely you will not. This, Mr. Editor, is what we know about the great and wonderful Pemberton & Hightstown R. R.—Amboy Division of the great Penna. road in the State of New Jersey, under the conductorship of Moses Broomstick.

Travelers.

The Proposed Ship Canal.—The Baltimore *Gazette* says:

"If a canal is built from the upper waters of the Chesapeake, across to the Delaware bay, for the purpose of carrying coal to New York by internal waterways—which seems to have been the primary object of the Chesapeake and Delaware Ship Canal Company—we see no reason why the present canal, from the head of Elk, should not be widened and utilized; and for such a purpose a depth of fourteen feet of water would be sufficient. This, however, would not be a ship canal. The ship canal we want is one that would float the largest ships and steamers that are bound to our port, and that, crossing the peninsula, would come out on the Delaware, near its mouth. It is sheer folly to talk of a ship canal that would oblige vessels leaving Baltimore on an ocean voyage to sail first northward up the bay toward the Susquehanna; cross the Peninsula by way of the Elk or Sassafras, and after reaching the Delaware forty or fifty miles from its mouth, sail down that bay to the Capes. In the first place, the saving of distance would be comparatively small. In the next, such a canal would be hermetically closed by ice during a part of every winter, and when a thaw sets in vessels going up the bay, after leaving North Point, would be in constant danger from the enormous masses of ice brought down the Susquehanna. In the hardest winters we can keep the Patapsco open with ice breakers of sufficient power. But the experience of last winter demonstrated that the most difficult part of the work was at Seven Foot Knoll, where the ice from the Susquehanna accumulated almost as fast as it was broken loose by the steamer *Maryland*. The further we go down the bay from this point the thinner the ice becomes, until at Annapolis—thirty miles down—it offers, even in the hardest winters, no serious obstacle to navigation.

It is therefore, manifest, from the explanations we have given, that we must seek a route for a ship canal down the bay, and not up it, for the reason that every mile we take southward carries us nearer to the ocean, and, at the same time, into water that is more strongly saturated with sea salt, beyond the region of ice. From these considerations—and they are paramount in any enterprise of the kind—it must be clear that the best route for a ship canal would be by way of Chester river, and thence across the peninsula to the Delaware bay, a few miles from its mouth. A greater length of cutting would be required but the distance from Baltimore to Europe and to the eastern ports would be shortened quite two hundred miles, while vessels passing out of the canal just above the Delaware Breakwater could take shelter behind it in the event of a storm raging outside the capes, and vessels entering the Delaware would have a short, easy and safe run to the canal.

Gov. Woodson, of Missouri, threatens to send militia to quarter upon the people of Calloway county for not having done their duty in aiding to arrest the recent lynchers and murderers there.

DIED.

In Middletown, on Wednesday, 10th inst., Mrs. Sarah A. Robinson, late of Easton, Talbot county, Md., in the 61st year of her age.

Mrs. Robinson was a quiet, retiring, and unassuming Christian; had long been a consistent member of the Protestant Episcopal Church, and departed this life in full assurance of a blissful immortality.

New Advertisements.

Register's Order.

REGISTER'S OFFICE,
New Castle County, September 2d, 1873.

Upon the application of Edward W. Lockwood, Administrator of Curtis Cordray, deceased: it is ordered and directed by the Register that the Administrator aforesaid, give notice of the granting of Letters of Administration upon the Estate of the deceased, with the date of granting thereof, by causing advertisements to be posted, within forty days from the date of such Letters, in six of the most public places of the County of New Castle requiring all persons having demands against the Estate, to present the same, or abide by an Act of Assembly in such case made and provided. And also cause the same to be inserted within the same period in the Middletown Transcript a newspaper published in Middletown and to be continued therein two months.

L. S. Given under the hand and Seal of Office of the Register aforesaid, at New Castle County aforesaid, the day and year above written.

B. GIBBS, Register.

NOTICE.—All persons having claims against the Estate of the deceased must present the same duly attested to the Administrator on or before September 2d, 1874, or abide an Act of Assembly in such case made and provided.

EDWARD W. LOCKWOOD, Administrator.
Sept 13-2m. Address—Middletown, Del.

GEORGE VICKERS,
Attorney-at-Law,
CHESTERTOWN, KENT COUNTY, MD.

H. W. VICKERS,
Attorney-at-Law,
CHESTERTOWN, KENT COUNTY, MD.
Sept. 13-3m.

THE MARKETS.

MIDDLETOWN GRAIN MARKET.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY E. T. EVANS.

Wheat, new	$1 60
Corn Yellow	54 cts.
" White	50 "
Oats	40 "
Timothy Seed	5 00
Clover "	7 00

MIDDLETOWN PRODUCE MARKET.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY S. M. REYNOLDS.

Eggs	22@25 cts. ₱ doz.
Butter	18@22 cts. ₱ lb.
Lard	9@10 " "
Mess Pork	8@9 " "
Potatoes, new	1 40 ₱ bus.
Chickens, spring	12@14 ₱ lb.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

Prime red wheat	$1.57@1.58
Corn, yellow	52
Oats (Pennsylvania)	42
Cloverseed	$7 75
Timothy	4 50

Business Locals.

For the best flour and feed at low prices, call on FOARD & COMEGYS.

For the celebrated Monitor and Lykens Valley Coal at low prices, call on FOARD & COMEGYS.

Judgment Bonds, Notes and other Legal Blanks can be had on application at the Transcript Office.

For the celebrated Hamilton Seed and Phosphate Drill at manufacturer's prices, call on FOARD & COMEGYS.

Labels for books, packages, boxes &c., printed on fine gummed paper, can be had at the office of the Transcript.

For Wm. M. Bell's superior Drain Tile at manufacturer's prices, call on FOARD & COMEGYS.

Business Cards, Letter and Bill Heads are printed at the Transcript office as neatly and cheaply as can be done elsewhere.

For the Hagerstown Grain and Phosphate Drill, call on FOARD & COMEGYS.

For all kinds of job printing go to the Transcript Office.

No. 2 Mackerel, $11 00 per barrel.
S. M. REYNOLDS.

FLY-NETS

at reduced prices. Selling out at cost.
taug29. C. E. ANDERSON.

Porcelain-lined Kettles, Fruit Jars and Cans, Jelly Tumblers with and without covers, at S. M. REYNOLDS'.

Black Teas, 50c, 60c, 75c, and $1 per pound. S. M. REYNOLDS.

The Japanese folding Fan, 10 and 15 cents, at S. M. REYNOLDS'.

A True Balsam.—Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry is truly a balsam. It contains the balsamic properties of tarand of pine. Its ingredients are all balsamic. Coughs, Colds, Sore Throats, Bronchitis, and Consumption speedily disappear under its balsamic influence.

One hundred doz. soft finish White Spool Cotton for the Sewing Machine, 55 cents per doz., 5 cents per spool, at S. M. REYNOLDS'.

Pure Fresh Congress Water,

Direct from Saratoga Springs, for sale by S. M. REYNOLDS.

Bathing Flannel at 35 cts. per yard; Bathing Hats at 25 cents, each at S. M. REYNOLDS'.

Gents' Dog-Skin Driving Gloves.
S. M. REYNOLDS.

The Lotta Bustle, best in the market: Hoop Skirts from 50 to 75 cents, at S. M. REYNOLDS'.

New lot of Hamburg Edgings and Insertings, Victoria Lawns, &c., at very low prices.
S. M. REYNOLDS.

Closing out Summer Dress Goods and Lawns below cost at S. M. REYNOLDS'.

T. A. McCLELLAND'S
Auction Rooms.

Buy your Furniture, Mattresses, &c. of T. A. McClelland, 1219 Chestnut Street. Handsome New Furniture for Parlors, Bed Rooms and Dining Rooms, at Auction Sales, every Monday and Thursday, and sold at Private Sales at Auction Prices. All goods warranted. Furniture carefully Packed and Shipped.

S. M. Reynolds' stock of Ladies', Misses', and Children's button and lace lasting, and kid shoes is now complete, having added to our already large stock three hundred pair, direct from the factory. Ladies, call and examine them.

ONCE MORE!

THE OLD BANK

Has been renovated, cleaned out, newly carpeted, furnished with new Ice Cream freezers, new stock of Confectionary, &c. I am now prepared to furnish

ICE CREAM

for the 10,000 customers that will give me their patronage this season. Ice Cream furnished to parties, pic-nics, &c., and delivered within reasonable distances.

SODA FOUNTAIN

in full operation. Tickets 3 for 25 cents, or 13 for $1.00. Also,

CAKES OF ALL KINDS

supplied for parties at short notice.
Foreign and Domestic Fruits.
Berries in season.
E. B. RICE,
Main St. Middletown, Del.
may 17—tf.

MIDDLETOWN IRON FOUNDRY
AND
MACHINE SHOP.

PLOWS and Plow Castings, Machine Castings of all kinds on hand or made to order. Particular attention given to Repairing Machinery. Cash for old Iron.
WM. L. BUCKE & SON,
Jan 4-tf Founders and Machinists.

BLACKSMITH'S COAL.

BITUMINOUS COAL of the best quality for sale, wholesale or retail, by
E. T. EVANS,
apr 12-tf Middletown, Del

SIX CENTS REWARD

WILL be paid for the return of JOHN MILLER, a bound white boy, 16 years of age and light complexion, who left the subscriber on the 3rd inst.
S. L. TINLEY.
Appoquinimink Hd., Sept. 6-3w.

The Middletown Transcript

IS PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY BY

Edward Reynolds.

TERMS—$2.00 a year, payable in advance. No paper discontinued until so ordered, except at the option of the publisher.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.—Advertisements of 10 lines or less will be inserted twice for $1 00, and 25 cents for each additional insertion. Business cards, $10 per year. One-quarter of a column, 3 months, $8; 6 months, $15; one year, $25. One-half of a column, 3 months, $18; 6 months, $30; one year, $50. One column, one year, $100. Business Locals, 10 cents a line for each insertio . Marriages and Deaths inserted free. Obitu ies charged for at regular advertising rates.

HORRIBLE ASSASINATIONS IN LOUISIANA.—Judge T. S. Crawford and District Attorney Arthur H. Harris, of the twelfth judicial district were assassinated last Monday, twelve miles southwest of Winsborough, in Franklin parish, while on their way to hold court in that place. They were shot seven times, and their brains blown out. The murderers are not known, but it is thought personal and not political differences led to the assassination. Crawford was a radical and Harris a democrat. Both leave families.

DISASTROUS FIRE IN HAVANA—DESTRUCTION OF A MAGNIFICENT PLAZA.—On Saturday, September 6th, the square of buildings known as Plaza Vapor was reduced to ashes. The fire broke out simultaneously in four corners of the square, and is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary. The loss is estimated at over $8,000,000. It is reported twenty-five lives were lost. The scenes around the burning square were exciting and terrible; parents threw their children from balconies to save them from the flames.

John Heenan, the celebrated Benicia Boy, whose battles in the ring have given rise to more excitement than those of any prize fighter of the century, is in Chicago. He is on his way to Colorado for the good of his health, and will remain there but a short time.

The Mississippi State Grange met at Jackson on Tuesday. There are more than 300 Granges in the State, and nearly all are represented in the Convention, among the members being twenty female delegates.

Six deaths from cholera in St. Louis last week, eight at Murfreesboro', and five at Jonesboro'. It is spreading through the low grounds west of the Illinois Central railroad near the Mississippi river.

A fire at Mexico, Mo., Saturday night, destroyed six brick and six frame stores and two dwellings, comprising a large portion of the business portion of the place; loss $65,000; insurance $23,000.

A WOMAN TARRED AND FEATHERED.—The women of Glen Cove, Long Island, last Friday night week, tarred and feathered a woman whom they suspected of being guilty of improper actions.

Wm. Dwyer, a well known prize fighter, was stabbed and killed in San Francisco, Friday night, by John Harrington.

NOTICE.

I offer for sale the following, at prices much below their value: Study and Passage Oil Cloths, Book Shelves,

2 ROCKAWAYS,

One in very good order, and the other can be made so by a few repairs;

2 SETS OF HARNESS,

1 HORSE, 1 DOUBLE-BARREL GUN,

2 Lounges, and some beautiful pictures, both engravings and oil paintings, which will be sold very low. I have many other things not necessary to enumerate, which will be offered at a corresponding sacrifice.

JOHN COLLINS McCABE,
Rectory of St. Ann's Church.

N. B.—Any gentleman desirous of adding some choice works to his library, can now have an opportunity of doing so, at much less than booksellers' charges. [aug 16-tf.

MIDDLETOWN ACADEMY.

First-Class Boarding and Day School.

Fall Term opens Sept. 8th, '73.

For full information relating to the school, send for a catalogue.

HUDSON A. WOOD, A. M.
Principal,
July 5-tf. Middletown, Del.

THOMAS MASSEY, JR.

CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER,

Main Street, next door to National Hotel

Middletown, Delaware

CLOCKS, Watches, Jewelry, &c. neatly and promptly repared.

Always on hand and for sale, Clocks, Watches, Plated Ware, Forks, Spoons, Silver Napkin Rings, Silver Thimbles, Salt, Sugar and Tea Spoons, Butter Knives, Gold Breast-Pins, Ear-Rings, Finger-Rings, Sleeve Buttons, Watch Chains, Watch Keys, Key Rings, Steel Watch Chains, &c.

AGENT FOR

DeVINNY'S SPECTACLES.

Dec. 12—tf.

MIDDLETOWN MARKET HOUSE.

THE undersigned would respectfully announce to the public that he has taken the store house on North Broad St., Middletown, Del., formerly occupied by Taylor & Son, (having bought out their interest), where he will keep always on hand a well-selected stock of choice

Groceries, Fruits and Provisions,

as well as a full supply of fresh Vegetables, &c., in season. Call and satisfy yourselves.

July 12-tf. D. W. ELIASON.

MUSIC.

MUSIC for parades, excursions, pic-nics, &c., either Brass or String, will be furnished by the DIAMOND STATE CORNET BAND of Middletown. ☞ Terms moderate.

W. H. JOHNSON,
may 31-3m. Business Manager.

Grain, Lumber, Feed, &c.

Great Reductions

FOR CASH, IN LUMBER, HARDWARE, AND

General Building Material!

A large and well-selected stock at surprisingly low prices.

ON AND AFTER SEPTEMBER 1st,

we will allow a

DISCOUNT OF 10 PER CENT., FOR CASH

On delivery, or

5 PER CENT., FOR CASH

Within 30 days from date of purchase, on all kinds of Lumber, Lime, General Hardware, and the best

CUCUMBER WOOD PUMPS

in use; and a discount of 5 per cent. for cash on delivery, or 3 per cent. for cash within thirty days from date of purchase, on Bricks, Mill-Work, (consisting of Sash, Doors, Blinds, &c.) Nails by the keg, Cement, Plaster, and all kinds of Paints and Painters' Material.

Our stock, which we offer at these extremely low rates for cash, is not a stock of Dry Goods out of season, or out of style, but a good and well-selected stock of Lumber, Hardware, and

And all Kinds of Building Material

which is always in season. We cordially invite all who may contemplate building, or may want anything in our line to examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ Ours is the largest and most complete stock in the State, outside of the city of Wilmington. Give us a call.

J. B. FENIMORE & CO.,

OPPOSITE THE R. R. DEPOT, MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE.

Aug. 30-3mos.

J. B. FOARD. WM. A. COMEGYS.

FOARD & COMEGYS,

Grain Commission Merchants,

AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Lime, Fertilizers,

COAL,

FLOUR, MEAL, FEED, &c.,

ALSO,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Sole agents for

HAMILTON'S CELEBRATED GRAIN AND PHOSPHATE DRILL.

Also agents for the

SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO,

Which we can sell on terms to suit the tightness of the times.

All kinds of COAL constantly on hand, and for sale at the very lowest cash rates.

STANTON MILLS

BEST BRANDS OF FLOUR.

Having opened our new store opposite the National Hotel, we will at all times keep on hand a full supply of the above articles, and hope, by a strict attention to business, to merit a share of the public patronage. [Aug 30-1y.

LUMBER & HARDWARE.

J. B. FENIMORE & CO.

OPPOSITE THE DEPOT,

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE,

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

Lumber and Hardware,

BRICKS, LIME, HAIR, SASH, DOORS, BLINDS

MOULDINGS, PAINTS, OILS,

GLASS, ETC. ETC.

Constantly on hand all kinds of

Building Material.

January 15—tf

FRUIT GROWERS,

Attention!

MY facilities for supplying Stencil Stock, such as

STENCILS,

STENCIL PAINT & BRUSHES,

For Marking

BERRY CRATES

AND

PEACH BASKETS,

Cannot be surpassed.

ORDER EARLY.

J. E. WORDEN,

Diamond State Stencil Depot,

(ON THE HILL,)

Feb 3, 1873-1y SMYRNA, DEL.

NOTICE.

THE tightness of the times compels me to reduce my business to a CASH basis, and accordingly have marked everything in my line at low figures.

Coal credits will be limited to 30 days, and on all coal paid for on delivery, a discount of 5 per cent. will be made. E. T. EVANS

Middletown, Del., Aug. 16, 1873-tf.

NOTICE!

To the Merchants of Middletown and the Farmers of St. Georges Hd. and surrounding country.

HAVING repaired the break in the mill-dam, I am prepared to grind from 250 to 300 bushels of grain per day.

Flour and all kinds of MILL FEED constantly on hand. Z. H. COOCH,

sep6-3t. Cooch's Mill, New Castle Co., Del.

Hotels, &c.

ODESSA HOTEL,

ODESSA, DELAWARE.

HAVING recently leased and refurnished this old established Hotel, I am prepared to accomodate the traveling public and permanent boarders in good style and at reasonable rates.

My bar will always be supplied with choice wines, liquors, tobacco and segars.

Odessa, from its pleasant location on Appoquinimink Creek and its wide, shady streets, and its vicinity to the great peach district, offers special advantages as a summer retreat from the heat of the cities.

By strict attention to business and the comfort of my guests, I hope to merit a liberal share of the public patronage. B. F. LIPPINCOTT.

Aug. 16-6mos.

DELAWARE HOUSE,

Opposite the City Hall,

513 Market Street,

WILMINGTON, DELAWARE.

Having recently remodeled and refurnished the above well-known Hotel, I am now prepared to entertain my friends and the public generally in first-class style and at reasonable rates.

Patronage solicited.

GEO. W. ORTLIP,

mar 8-6m Proprietor.

NATIONAL HOTEL,

Opposite R. R. Depot,

MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE.

HAVING taken the above well-known house, I am prepared to accommodate my friends and the public generally in first-class style and at reasonable rates.

The Bar will always be supplied with the choicest Wines, Liquors and Segars.

Patronage solicited. JOHN A. MORTON,
PROPRIETOR.

Formerly of the Arch Street House, Phila.

Apr 12-6m

NEW HOTEL

At Townsend, Del.

TOWNSEND HOUSE.

OPEN June 1st, 1872, will accommodate the travelling public and permanent boarders at very reasonable rates. The bar will at all times be stocked with choice wines, liquors, Tobacco and Segars. Fine oysters in season. Hoping by strict attention to business to merit a liberal, share of the public patronage generally.

JAMES C. TOWNSEND,
June 8—1y. Proprietor.

E. D. BROWN,

SUCCESSOR TO

BROWN & GALLIGHER

IMPORTERS OF

FINE BRANDIES, WINES, GINS, &C.

AND DEALERS IN

RYE, WHEAT, AND BOURBON WHISKEY.

No. 11 South 9th Street, Philadelphia.

Jan 29—y

Fertilizers.

FOR WHEAT AND GRASS

USE BARNYARD MANURE

with a liberal hand as far as your own supply will go

THEN FINISH OUT WITH

BAUGH'S

RAW BONE SUPER-PHOSPHATE.

It will pay well even at present prices of Produce.

19th Year of Constant Use.

QUALITY HIGHLY IMPROVED AND STANDARD WARRANTED TO EVERY BUYER.

BAUGH & SONS,

SOLE MANUFACTURERS,

STORES:

20 *South Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia,*
and
103 *South Street, Baltimore.*

July 12-tfr

A CARD.

WE take pleasure in recommending to old friends and patrons our

SOLUBLE AMMONIATED

SOUTH SEA GUANO,

Which is prepared under the immediate supervision of our Mr. B. M. Rhodes at Baltimore *only*, together with the

ORCHILLA GUANO,

(for which we are agents.) The South Sea and Orchilla Guanos being

NATURAL FERTILIZERS,

Deserve the attention of the agricultural community. Send for circulars.

B. M. RHODES & CO.,
82 SOUTH STREET, BALTIMORE, MD.

Agents for New Castle County:
COLUMBUS WATKINS, ODESSA.
FOARD & COMEGYS, MIDDLETOWN.

Sept 6—3mos.

NEW JERSEY CHEMICAL CO'S

SUPER-PHOSPHATE.

TRADE (W. & C.) MARK.

THE New Jersey Chemical Company, having purchased the right of manufacturing the celebrated Wattson & Clark Super-Phosphate, their superior facilities will enable them to maintain its past standard in every respect, and at the same time to offer it on more satisfactory terms than heretofore.

When large quantities are ordered a fair discount will be given for cash.

S. M. REYNOLDS, Agent,
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

Aug. 1—3mos.

AKERMAN & MALMSTEN,

GENERAL

Upholstery and Fine Furniture.

WAREROOMS,

No. 211 SHIPLEY Street,

(IN D. H. KENT'S NEW BUILDING,)

Wilmington, Delaware.

Making up and laying of carpets, matting and oil cloth; spring and hair mattresses; furniture covered and repaired; lambrequins, draparies and window decorations, and all belonging to the business attended to.

aug 16-tjl.

Real Estate.

MARYLAND FARMS FOR SALE.

Conveniently located, near Railroads and Rivers. Soil generally good and well improved. Terms very reasonable. Owners anxious to sell.

No. 1.—A tract containing two hundred acres, about 80 of which is under cultivation. Buildings small; timber principally white oak and chestnut. Very cheap.

No. 2—A farm situated about two and a half miles from Masseys—the junction of the Kent Co. and Q. A. and K. R's., and contains about two hundred acres, mostly woodland, there being but seventy-five acres arable; would make good farming and fruit land with proper handling. Price $20.00 per acre.

No. 3.—A farm immediately adjoining Massey's Junction, containing 150 acres, in a high state of cultivation; splendid three year old Peach orchard, also Apple orchard and small fruit; Buildings excellent; This farm will compete with any in the neighborhood; produced 26 bushels wheat per acre this year. Price $100.00 per acre.

No. 4.—A farm of 324 acres, located in a pleasant neighborhood in Queen Anne's Co. Md within two miles of Millington, a live town on the Q. A. & K. R. R., being about three hours ride to Philadelphia, and only three-fourths of a mile from a point where lime can be delivered on the Railroad; 234 acres of same is fine arable land; produces from 30 to 50 bushels corn and 15 to 20 bushels wheat per acre, balance is well wooded with timber, which would pay one-fourth of the purchase money. Price $12,000.00.

No. 5.—A tract containing 500 acres, mostly woodland, about 220 acres of it under cultivation; buildings good; would make an excellent farm; will sell at a very low figure, or lease for ninety-nine years.

No. 6.—A farm of about 125 acres, within a mile of Massey's Junction, very pleasantly located, is under good state of cultivation and well adapted to the growth of grain and fruit; this is a rare chance, it belonging to several parties who are anxious to sell.

No. 7.—A farm of 92 acres, within two miles of Lambson's Station, on the Kent county R. R., immediately adjoining the village of Chesterville, and about two miles from Crumpton, on the Chester river, making it a very desirable location; the land is very productive. Buildings are a good comfortable Dwelling, Stabling, Granary; also Blacksmith and Wheelwright shop, all pleasantly located in the town. Price $70.00 per acre. This property sold for $10.000 5 years ago.

No 8.—A splendid farm situated about half-mile from Millington, Kent County, Md., on the Q. A. & K. R. R., being about three hours ride from Philadelphia; contains 200 acres, in the highest state of cultivation; fine Peach orchard in full bearing, and several acres in Strawberries; buildings splendid; party anxious to sell on account of ill health, and offers rare inducements. This is a very gem of a place, and can be bought low.

No. 9.—A farm of 220 acres, immediately adjoining Morris' Station; on the Townsend Branch R. R.; is good, kind soil, mostly arable, in fair state of cultivation; buildings ordinary; will be sold very low.

No. 10.—A tract of 300 acres, in Delaware, three miles from Vandike's Station, on the Townsend Branch R. R., mostly woodland, small portion clear; would make an excellent farm; owners live in Baltimore, and would sell cheap.

No. 11.—A fine farm of 350 acres, all arable, located in Queen Anne's County, Md. three and a half miles of Millington, on the Q. A. & K. R. R. and three miles from a wharf on Chester river; railroad will deliver lime at a point not more than one and a half miles distant; large Peach orchard; buildings new. This is a very desirable place, in a pleasant neighborhood. Price low.

No. 12.—Comprises 250 acres, located 2½ miles from Massey's Station 2½ from Sassafras, and within three miles from navigation and although a large farm has not one foot waste land on it; buildings complete; mostly under hedge fence; has a young orchard of 2000 trees. This is one of the finest farms in Kent county, and will be sold right.

No. 13—Contains 340 acres, situated 3 miles from Lambson Station on the Kent Co. R. R. 1¼ from Crampton, on Chester river, and on the road from Chestertown to Millington; buildings complete, fencing good, and land in good state of cultivation; usual crop of corn is 3,000 bush. Price 62 per acre. For further particulars address or call on S. W. BOYER,
Masseys,
may 3-6m Kent County, Md.

WASHINGTON COLLEGE,

CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND.

THE FACULTY OF WASHINGTON COLLEGE has been reorganized by the election of Prof. WM. J. RIVERS, of the South Carolina University, as Principal: Prof. WM. H. ZIMMERMAN, Vice Principal; and Mr. JOSEPH PATERSON, Assistant Professor.

Mr. Rivers has, for seventeen years, been a Professor in the University South Carolina. Mr. Zimmerman was for several years Vice Principal of the Western Maryland College; and Mr. Peterson, educated at the University of Virginia, is most favorably known as a teacher in this community.

The plan of instruction will embrace a full College course, including Greek, Latin, the Modern Languages, Mathematics, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry and the Natural Science, Moral Philosophy, Logic, Rhetoric &c., and what, in the opinion of the Board of Visitors, is very important, a thorough English Education, if the student does not desire to study the languages. In order to accomplish this a Preparatory or Academic Department has been established, in which full and thorough instruction will be given in the various English branches, viz: Grammar, Geography, Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, History, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, &c., and all other branches of learning required to complete an English Education.

There is an earnest and we hope a well directed effort made by the Board of Visitors to restore the College to its former condition of prosperity, and to establish an institution of learning which shall secure the confidence and support of the public.

The College will be re-opened on Wednesday, the first day of October next.

EXPENSES.—Tuition: English and Classics, or Modern Languages, $50: English Classics and Modern Languages, $60; Board, per week, $4.00.

On behalf of the Board of Visitors:

JOS. A. WICKES, PRES'T,
JAS. A. PEARCE SEC'Y,
RICHARD HYNSON,
WM. N. E. WICKES,
WILLIAM S. WALKER.

For further information apply to JAMES A. PEARCE, Secretary, Chestertown, Md

Aug. 16, 1873-3t.

COAL. COAL. COAL.

THE subscriber is now selling his best Coal, which is a prime article, at the low prices of $6 75 per ton for Stove size and $5 75 for Nut, delivered to any part of Odessa; or, $6 50 per ton for Stove size and $5 50 per ton for Nut at the wharf—2240 lbs. to the ton—FOR CASH.

DANIEL STEVENS,

aug 16-3m* ODESSA, DEL.

NOTICE.

PERSONS who are indebted to the late firm of JOHN A. REYNOLDS & SONS will please take notice that the remaining unpaid accounts have all been placed in the hands of John A. Reynolds, who will proceed at once to collect them unless paid immediately, as they have stood long enough.

E. REYNOLDS,
Aug. 30-tf. S. M. REYNOLDS.

Dry Goods and Groceries.

CHEAP

STORE!!

HAS JUST RECEIVED A LARGE AND WELL SELECTED STOCK OF GOODS CONSISTING, IN PART, OF

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
GROCERIES,
BOOTS,
SHOES,
HATS,
CAPS,
QUEENSWARE,
WOOD & WILLOW WARE,
EARTHEN & STONE WARE.
FISH, MEATS,
READY-MADE

CLOTHING,

And in fact everything usually kept in a

FIRST-CLASS COUNTRY STORE

All of which we should be pleased to have you

CALL AND EXAMINE.

NO CHARGE FOR SHOWING GOODS.

TERMS CASH!!!

J. F. ELIASON,

CHEAP STORE,

Middletown, Del.

apr 27—tf

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber would call the attention of the public to his

Large and Well-Selected Stock of

GOODS,

Consisting in part of

DRY GOODS,

NOTIONS, GROCERIES, BOOTS, Shoes, Hats, Hardware,

Queensware, Wood and Willow Ware, Earthen and Stone Ware.

FISH, MEATS, &c.

And everything usually kept in a

FIRST CLASS COUNTRY STORE,

All of which have been selected with care, and will be

SOLD AT PRICES

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TIMES.

Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere

NO CHARGE

FOR SHOWING GOODS.

Charles Tatman Jr.

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

apr. 9—tf

NEW STOCK

OF

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS,

Just received and to be be sold at low prices

FOR CASH.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Grenadines 12½ to 50 cts. Japanese Plaids and Mohairs; very low.

MOURNING GOODS,

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,

Ladies Hair Braids and Neck-Ties,

MEN'S and BOYS' READY MADE CLOTHING,

New styles of Hats and Caps,

Boots, Shoes, and Gaiters, cheap;

800 YARDS CARPETING,

GUNS, PISTOLS AND CARTRIDGES,

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,

GROCERIES, OIL CLOTH SUITS,

Gum Overcoats, Looking Glasses, Summer Horse Covers, Lap Cloths, Ladies' and Children's Vests,

and all goods usually kept in a country store.

☞ All buyers are respectfully invited to give us a call and examine our goods and prices.

S. R. STEPHENS & CO.

may 3—tf. Middletown, Del.

MADE TO ORDER AND WARRANTED A TRUE FIT. PERFECT FITTING, COMFORT, EASE AND ELEGANCE.

Send for self-measurement circular.

J. P. DOUGHTEN,

may 28-tf 410 Market st. Wilmington, Del.

Dry Goods and Groceries.

BARGAINS!

BARGAINS!!

In order to close out our

LARGE STOCK

OF

LADIES'

SUMMER DRESS GOODS

We offer them at

A DISCOUNT OF

12 PER CENT.

They comprise all the

BEST STYLES

of the season, and those, who want, have a chance to buy

At Lower Prices

than have ever been offered before.

☞ Please call and examine our stock.

W. H. MOORE & CO.,

July 12-tf. MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

A GREAT SACRIFICE OF

Dry Goods

AT SCOWDRICK & ELIASON'S

IN order to close out our large stock of Summer goods we will offer our entire stock of

DRESS GOODS, CASSIMERES, COTTON GOODS, LINENS, &c.,

AT COST, FOR CASH.

Having on hand all the latest styles and makes of Dress Goods, both Domestic and Imported, we can offer inducements that cannot be surpassed in any other store. We have in stock a full line of

WHITE GOODS,

Such as

PIQUES, VICTORIA LAWNS, SWISS, NAINSOOK CAMBRIC, LINEN LAWNS, LINENS, &c.,

all of which will be sold at *cost* for cash. The above described goods are being closed out to make room for fall trade, and will be sold at

A GREAT SACRIFICE.

Those wanting Summer Dress Goods can now secure great bargains. Call, and see for yourselves at

SCOWDRICK & ELIASON'S,

July 12-tf. MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

SEE! SEE!!

HEAVY BOOTS from $2.50 and Upwards.
FINE " " 2.25 " "
GENUINE KID GLOVES, 50 cts. to $1.00.
WOMENS' AND CHILDRENS' SLOES, all GRADES AND PRICES.
LADIES' DRESS GOODS.
LARGE VARIETY OF CASSIMERES,
LONG AND SQUARE SHAWLS,
BROWN AND BLEACHED MUSLIN,
WOOL AND COTTON FLANNELS,
GOOD INGRAIN CARPET, 60 to 65 cts.
GOOD HEMP CARPET, 30 to 37½ cts.
WHITE AND GRAY BLANKETS.
LAP ROBES AND HORSE BLANKETS.
LARGE ARCHED LOOKING GLASSES.
INSERTING AND EDGING.

READY MADE CLOTHING,

HATS AND CAPS.

ALL KINDS OF

GROCERIES.

FULL LINE OF

Notions, Hardware and Queensware.

☞ As good a Sewing Machine as int he market; much below the usual price; every one warranted for five years, for Sale and to Hire on easy terms. Liberal discount for cash.

G. W. W. NAUDAIN.

Oct. 19—tf.

Time Tables.

Delaware Rail Road Line.

Summer Arrangement.

ON and after Sunday, June 30th, 1873, (Sundays excepted,) Trains will leave as follows:

NORTH.	A. M.	P. M.	SOUTH.	A. M.	P. M.
Delmar		1 00	Philadelphia	8 30	5 10
Laurel		11 17	Baltimore	7 25	2 55
Seaford	6 30	11 50	Wilmington	10 10	6 35
Bridgeville	6 48	11 54	New Castle	10 30	6 55
Greenwood	6 58	12 05	State Road	10 35	7 00
Farmington	7 08	12 15	Bear,	10 45	7 08
Harrington	7 25	12 30	Rodney	10 50	7 12
Felton	7 36	12 50	Kirkwood	10 57	7 30
Canterbury	7 43	12 57	Mt. Pleasant	11 07	7 38
Woodside	7 49	1 04	Middletown	11 25	7 71
Wyoming	7 56	1 14	Townsend	11 34	8 01
Dover	8 03	1 25	Blackbird	11 39	8 07
Moorton	8 14	1 37	Green Spring	11 48	8 15
Brenford	8 21	1 45	Clayton	11 55	8 21
Smyrna	8 05	1 53	Smyrna, arrive	12 10	8 37
Clayton	8 29	1 54	Brenford	12 01	8 27
Green Spring	8 34	2 00	Moorton	12 09	8 34
Blackbird	8 43	2 12	Dover	12 24	8 46
Townsend	8 51	2 29	Wyoming	12 32	8 54
Middletown	9 00	2 38	Woodside	12 40	9 02
Mt. Pleasant	9 19	2 49	Canterbury	12 45	9 07
Kirkwood	9 29	3 00	Felton	12 50	9 13
Rodney	9 33	3 05	Harrington	1 07	9 29
Bear	9 41	3 15	Farmington	1 15	9 38
State Road	9 45	3 20	Greenwood	1 29	9 49
N. Castle	9 55	3 33	Bridgeville	1 37	10 00
ARRIVE.			Seaford	1 18	10 18
Wilmington	10 15	3 55	Laurel	2 12	
Philada.	11 45	5 25	Delmar	2 25	
	P. M.			P. M.	
Baltimore	1 05	8 10			

MIXED TRAIN.—Northward, will leave Delmar at 2 45 P. M.; Laurel 3.12; Seaford, 3.43; Bridgeville, 4.20; Greenwood, 4.40; Farmington 4.55; Harrington, 5.20; Dover, 6.23; Clayton, 6.56; Middletown, 7.39. Arrive at Wilmington, 9.00; Philadelphia, 11.30; Baltimore, 3.50, P. M.

Southward, will leave Phila. at 11.30 P. M. Baltimore, 7.30; Wilmington, 12. 55; New Castle, 1.20; Middletown, 2.24; Townsend, 2.38; Clayton, 3.05; Dover 3.42; Wyoming, 3.52; Felton, 4.09; Harrington, 4.17; Farmington, 4.51; Greenwood, 5.05; Bridgeville, 5.20; Seaford, 5.47; Laurel, 6.11; Delmar, 6.30.

The mixed train will be run subject to delays incident to freight business, and will stop only at stations where time is given.

NEW CASTLE TRAINS.

Leave New Castle for Wilmington and Philadelphia at 7.40 A. M. Leave Philadelphia, 12.15 P. M. and Wilmington, 1.25 P. M. for New Castle.

SMYRNA BRANCH TRAINS.

Additional to those above, leave Smyrna for Clayton 11.30 A. M. and 7.35 P. M. leave Clayton for Smyrna 8.40 A. M., and 2.00 P. M., leave to make connection with trains to and from Dover, and Stations south.

CONNECTIONS.

At Townsend, with the Kent County and Queen Anne's & Kent Railroads. At Clayton, with Md. and Del. R. R. At Harrington with J. & B. R. R. At Seaford, with Dorcester and Delaware R. R. At Delmar, with Eastern Shore R. R., and Wicomico and Pocomoke R. R.

May 29—1y H. F. KENNEY, Superintendent.

P. W. & B. R. R.—DELAWARE DIVISION.

Notice to Fruit Growers.

IN addition to the regular Market Trains now running, an EXTRA DAILY FREIGHT TRAIN, (Sundays excepted,) with passenger car attached, will commence running between Wilmington and Harrington Monday, June 23d, '73.

Leaving Wilmington at 6.30 A. M. and stopping as follows:

New Castle,	6.55	Brenford,	9 17
Kirkwood,	7.27	Moorton,	9 28
Mt. Pleasant,	7.41	Dover,	9 49
Middletown,	8.05	Wyoming,	10 04
Townsend,	8.20	Woodside,	10 15
Blackbird,	8.43	Canterbury,	10 29
Green Spring,	8.52	Felton,	10 44
Clayton,	9.07	Harrington, arrive	10 55

Returning, will leave Harrington at 3.00 P. M., stopping at

Felton,	3.30	Green Spring,	5.37
Canterbury,	3.38	Blackbird,	5.51
Woodside,	3.45	Townsend,	6.07
Wyoming,	4.11	Middletown,	6.32
Dover,	4.29	Mt. Pleasant,	6.48
Moorton,	4.49	Kirkwood,	7.18
Brenford,	5.07	New Castle,	7.51
Clayton,	5.27	Wilmington, arrive	8.15

Subject to delays incident to freight business.

This train will stop to take up passengers only at stations named, but will leave passengers at any stopping place, except Hare's Corner, State Road, Rodney, Armstrong's and Dupont.

That prompt time shall be made, to insure connections with Philadelphia and New York, it is important that shippers should have their freight at the several stations at least one hour before the train is due to leave.

This train will be withdrawn whenever the interest of the company requires it.

June 1-tf. H. F. KENNEY, Sup't.

For SASSAFRAS RIVER.

THE steamer "TRUMPETER" being now in complete order, will resume her trips on Saturday, the 1st of March, 1873, leaving Pier No. 5, Light street wharf, Baltimore, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 10½ A. M., arriving in Georgetown at 4 P. M. Returning will leave Georgetown the alternate days at 8 A. M., arriving in Baltimore at 2 P. M.; touching at Buck Neck, Barnards, Betterton, Turner's Creek, Crosidays, Shallcross, and Fredericktown, going and returning.

We sincerely trust that the friendly relations hitherto existing between the steamer Trumpeter, her patrons, and the public generally, may never grow less; for the perpetuation of which we will ever be found striving our very best.

mar 1-1y WM. CUNDIFF, Capt.

PEACH TREES

AND

OSAGE ORANGE PLANTS

A SPECIALTY.

THE subscriber offers to his friends and the public generally a very choice stock of

Young Peach Trees,

(grown by himself,) for the Fall of 1873 and Spring of 1874, budded from the

Best Selections

of market and family varieties. Also, a large and fine lot of Osage Orange Plants for HEDGING and a general variety of small fruit plants, all of which will be sold on *reasonable terms* to suit purchasers.

I would prefer persons (wishing to plant) to see my Peach Trees before purchasing elsewhere, for I am satisfied they will be pleased.

HENRY CLAYTON,
MT. PLEASANT,
Woodside Nursery, Aug. 17, '73. Delaware.

NOTICE OF

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing between Charles W. Jones and Edwin Jones, working under the name of JONES & BROTHER, is this day dissolved, and all persons indebted to said firm will settle with Edwin Jones, who is the only one that is authorized to settle the business of said firm. And all persons not complying with this notice will be held responsible for all indebtedness. CHAS. W. JONES,
May 1st, '73-4m. EDWIN JONES.

WANTED!

I want to purchase a half dozen good, healthy CALVES, of two or three weeks old.

T. C. MURPHEY,
Aug. 23-tf. Near Middletown, Del.

Wit and Humor.

The Camp-Meeting Wedding.

All the guests stood up in a group, and Preachin' Jack, with both hands extended said, "Yer twain dat wants to be made one flesh in zample ob de priests and prophets and holy men ob old, and Sara'i and Rebecca, and the moder ob Zebedee's children, and de blessed moder Mary, stan up afore me."

Zack, dressed in coarse white, with a rainbow cravat, and Weza, looking like an animated hollyhock, came forward and stood before him; while their friends formed a wide circle about them.

"Now, chil'en," said the old man, "take hold ob hands, while I pledge yer to mutual obedience. I will now make a few desolatory and puerile remarks on matrimony in general, and dis case ob it in particular." And he did so, beginning at Adam and Eve, and coming down to the present day and hour.

"All dem zamples ob holy men and women has served dere day and generation, and fell asleep. It is wid ye, dat's live and awake, dat I's got now for to deal. Zack Cameron, does yer promise me here, before de Lord and dis yer heap ob witnesses, for to love, honor and obey de woman you holds onto by de right hand? Ha?"

"Yes, fader, I does promise dat, and as much more as yer please to ax me," replied Zack, holding his head very high.

"Will yer promise to be de head ob her, as our great Master is de head ob de church? Ha?"

"I will, to de best ob my bility, sar."

"Will yer promise to lib wid her—if eber yer get a chance to—and wid no oder woman till death do yer sunderate?"

"Yes, dat I will, and longer, too, fader," replied Zack, "for I hopes to lib wid her where no man can seperate us, in de house above, in de great family ob de Lord, dat we both loves and strives humbly to serve."

"Well, dat's all very good," replied the old patriarch, "but yer musn't talk so much while I'm marryin' ob yer, or I shan't get trough to-night."

"On t'oder hand, Louisa Huggies, do yer promise to take dis big fellow dat yer holds onto by the right hand, for to be yer lawful married husband?"

Poor Weza's heart had wandered from the scene where all were gay and happy, and she was "off in de wilderness," hunting up her boys, and accusing herself of giving her luv to anothtr. She burst into tears, and made no reply.

"Pardon her, father," said Zack, pitifully, "she's only a poor, weak woman."

"Well, well," exclaimed old Jack, "women's mighty strange tings, any way. Dey'll compass sea and land for to get a husband, and den when dey got him fast by de hand, afore de alter, dey'll bust out cryin' as if somebody was marryin' em off agin their will! Come, wipe yer eyes now, and look up, bright little woman, for wid such a likely man for a husband, yer can look any body in de eye, and face a frownin' world. Leave de tears and de sighs for de women dat can't get no husbands. Else for dem dats got bad ones and can't get rid of 'em. I can tell yer dar's heaps of women here dat would clap dere hands and laugh, if dey could be a standin' where yer is now. But de dear Lord, dat 'flicted yer wid one hand, has blessed yer wid de oder, and saved dis noble great sarvint of His to fill a place better den sons and darters to yer. Now tell me if yer will take dis man for yer lawful married husband? 'Case, if you don't want him, I'll stop short here; for it takes two to make a barg'in."

"I will, sar," sobbed Weza, "wid all my heart, and I tanks de Lord for de chance. Dese tears is 'bout my boys dat's off somewhere in de wild'ness, whar I cant get 'em."

"God bless your poor heart! He owns de wild'ness, and all de waste places, and has an eye on all dats gropin' 'bout in 'em. He's got dem boys by de hand—a leadin' ob dem round; by and by, when He's ready, He'll fetch 'em to yer. But yer look out how yer fight agin Him, or He'll lead yer about forty years, like de chill'en of Israel, afore He gives yer de blessin'. But I've wandered from my subject. Will yer promise to lub, honor, and obey dis man, and to lib wid him as de law directs, and wid no oder man till death do yer sunderate?"

"I will sar, and tank de Lord for givin' me such a strong arm to lean agin in my weakness," said Weza.

"Dat's good den so fur," said Preachin' Jack; "and now, 'fore I pronounce de bands, let me ax if either has any remarks to make to de company?"

Weza shook her head but Zack smiled and replied, "I got notin' to say but to raise my Ebenezer, and tank de good Lord for my luck, and to hope dat all de boys will get as good a wife, and be as kind to her as I vows to be to dis poor weak woman."

"Brothers and sisters," said old Jack, turning about to the company, "if any of yer has a word of exhortin', or would like to tell yer experience, I'll halt a little."

"Zack's quick eye caught Dave Montgomery in the act of beginning, and he cut him of by saying, "Moughtn't yer better say de benuediction first, fader, and have a prayer-meetin' arterward? Dese people all looks hungry to get hold on de weddin' supper?"

Dat's true," replied the old man; "den in virtue of dese mutual promises to lub, honor, and obey each oder and de laws of de land—when yer massa will 'low yer to—I declare yer, upon heaven and earth, and 'fore all dese witnesses, for to be husband and wife. And the gospel do saith, "What God jines togeder let no man put 'sunder; and I add ob my own wisdom, dat he dat does put 'sunder will hab to answer for it.

Now, friends, de marrying is eber, and yer may all kiss de bride, arter I, yer fader in de gospel, salutes her with a holy kiss."—*From "Out in the Wilderness," by Mrs. H. G. Chaplin.*

A faithful brother in a Fairfield, Conn., church recently prayed for the absent members "who were prostrate on beds of sickness and chairs of wellness."

Professional.

JOHN A. REYNOLDS,
Notary Public,
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

J. M. WILLIAMSON,
Attorney & Counsellor-at-Law,
11 AND 12 EXCHANGE BUILDING,
WILMINGTON, DEL.

DR. THOMAS H. GILPIN,
Graduate of the Pennsylvania College of DENTAL SURGERY,

HAVING located in Middletown, and succeeded Dr. J. J. Vanderford, respectfully offers his professional services to the public.

M. C. CONWELL. GEN. DAN. WOODALL.

Conwell & Woodall,
CIVIL ENGINEERS AND SURVEYORS,
Room No. 9, Exchange Building,
Seventh and Market Sts.,
may 31–1y WILMINGTON, DEL.

THOMAS S. DUNNING, A. M. M. D.
Homœopathic Physician,
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.
Has removed to Broad Street, opposite the Middletown Academy.
Office hours, 7 to 9 A. M.
" " 1 to 3 P. M.
dec 3—tf " " 6 to 7 P. M.

JAS. A. BUCHANAN,
Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law
NO. 41 ST. PAUL STREET,
BALTIMORE, MD.,
Practices in the Courts of Baltimore City and adjacent Counties, the Court of Appeals of Maryland, and also in the Supreme Court of the United States and of the District of Columbia. And attends to the
Collection of Claims against the Government in the Court of Claims of the United States, and before the various Departments in Washington, D. C. [mar1–1y

REYNOLDS & CO.,
No. 915 Market Street,
WILMINGTON, DELAWARE.
Conveyancers, Surveyors, Real Estate Agents, Collectors of Accounts, Bills, &c.
Houses and Lands rented, and rents collected; Loans negotiated; Titles examined; Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, and other Legal papers carefully drawn, and supervised by counsel permanently retained. Correspondence solicited.
Reference furnished.
REYNOLDS & CO.,
No. 915 MARKET STREET,
Jan 11—6mos Wilmington, Del.

DENTISTRY.
J. J. VANDERFORD, D. D. S.
Graduate of the Pennsylvania College of DENTAL SURGERY.
DELAWARE CITY, DELAWARE.
REFERENCES.
Hon. H. G. S. Key, St. Mary's co, Md.
Hon. B. G. Harris, " " "
Col. C. Billingslea, " " "
Dr. F. C. Neale, " " "
Joseph H. Key, Esq. " " "
Hon. B. T. Biggs, New Castle co. Del.
Rev. John Patton, D. D. " "
Rev. J. C. McCabe, D. D. " "
Hon. Hiram McCullough, Cecil county, md.
Rev. Henry Matthews, " "
Hon. Geo. Earle, late Ass't. Post. Gen'l. "
may 13—tf

J. THOS. BUDD.
SUCCESSOR TO
GEO. W. INGRAM & CO.
Brokers & Real Estate Agents,
CORNER OF MAIN AND CASS STREETS,
MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE.
WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO THE COLLECTION OF
NOTES, DRAFTS, BILLS, &c. &c.
NEGOTIATE LOANS, PURCHASE & SELL STOCKS ON COMMISSION,
And offer for sale
Valuable Real Estate,
Comprising some of the most desirable Farms on the Peninsula.
Correspondence by mail solicited.

Refer by permission to the following named gentlemen:
Hon. R. C. Holliday, Sec. of State, Annapolis, Md.
W. R. Bergholz, Memphis & El Paso Pacific Railroad, N. Y.
R. Atkinson, Banker, 41 Broad st. N. Y.
Hon. Richard Schell, 50 Wall " "
Col. Blanton Duncan, Louisville, Ky.
Geo. Beir, Adj. General, Baltimore, Md
Seyfert, McManus & Co. Philadelphia.
Gen. Robert Patterson, "
march 17—tf

M. E. DICKSON,
No. 35½ SOUTH EIGHTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA,
DEALER IN
WATCHES AND JEWELRY,
SOLID STERLING
Silver and Plated Ware
Suitable for Holiday Presents.
N. B.—Fine selection of 18 Kt. Wedding Rings on Hand.
Gold, Silver and Steel Spectacles to suit all ages.
Dec. 10—tf

R. E. COCHRAN. JOHN NIX. J. C. HUNT.
COCHRAN, NIX & CO.,
WHOLESALE
Commission Merchants,
IN
FRUITS AND PRODUCE,
NO. 96 PARK PLACE, N. Y.
Jan. 4—1y.

C. MAISEL,
TAILOR, (From Paris),
1321 Chestnut Street,
PHILADELPHIA
21—1y

Sewing Machines.

THE
AMERICAN SEWING MACHINE.

NEW IMPROVED. THE BEST FOR ALL PURPOSES. IT HAS NO EQUAL. SIMPLE, LIGHT, EASY to LEARN, AND COMPARATIVELY NOISELESS.

A Model of Simplicity & Durability.

Ahead of All Competitors in Improvement.

If you want a Perfect Machine for all kinds of work this is the only machine to buy, as it has great advantages over all others, a few of which are here given:

The Tensions are more easily, evenly and perfectly adjusted, the Under Tension being self-regulating and no threading-up required in the Shuttle. The Under Thread is drawn from a short, deep Bobbin, giving a perfectly even tension, never breaking the thread—making the lock-stitch the strongest and best.

The Feed can be quickly raised or lowered to adapt it to thick or thin material. Also the length of stitch can be regulated from above while the machine is in motion.

The simple manner in which the machine is threaded makes it easy of accomplishment by the most inexperienced.

There is no machine which is so easily learned and which combines Lightness with Durability.

For these and many other reasons the American Machine is the best in which to invest your money.

Sold at a moderate price, and on terms so easy as to be within the reach of all.

☞ Warranted to give entire satisfaction.

Office and salesrooms,
507 King Street, Wilmington, Del.
IN CLAYTON HOUSE BUILDING,
July 12–3m. J. H. PRIMROSE, MANAGER.

REVOLUTION
IN
SEWING MACHINES.

Greatest opportunity ever offered.

$5, $7.50 and $10.00
FOR A SEWING MACHINE.

The New York Manufacturing Co., after great expenditures are now enabled to supply families, manufacturers and others with their new favorite machine, ranging in cost from $5 to $10.

It is light running; has elastic loop stitch, and can be worked by children 10 years old, without previous instruction. Written guarantee given with every machine. Satisfaction warranted or money refunded.

READ THE OPINIONS OF THE PRESS:

"It is destined to create a perfect revolution in the machine trade and injure the great rich companies, selling their machines at hundreds per cent profit."—*Herald.*

"It is the most perfect beauty, combining all the elements of durability and usefulness."—*Times.*

"It is the simplest and cheapest machine ever offered upon the market."—*Tribune.*

"It is a great invention for both rich and poor and will undoubtedly yield vast revenues for its company."—*Manufacturer's Record.*

All orders must be prepaid. Money may be sent (at Company's risk) per Money Orders or Express,—otherwise at risk of sender.

Agents wanted everywhere.

Machines shipped to all parts of the U. S. and Canadas. Principal Office:
737 BROADWAY, N. Y.
BRANCHES:
LONDON, 105 Strand. | PARIS, 119 Rue de Commerce.
aug 9–tf.

BLATCHLEY'S
Improved Cucumber Wood Pump.

BTASTELESS, Durable, Efficient and Cheap. The best Pump for the least money. Attention is especially invited to Blatchley's Patent Improved Bracket and New Drop Check Valve, which can be withdrawn without removing the Pump or disturbing the joints. Also the Copper Chamber, which never cracks or scales, and will outlast any other. For sale by Dealers everywhere. Send for Catalogue and Price-List.

CHAS. G. BLATCHLEY, M'f'r,
506 Commerce St. Philada., Pa.

☞ For Sale by J. B. FENIMORE & CO., Agents, Middletown, Delaware.
Oct. 12—1y

CHEAP TRUCK BASKETS.

We desire to call the attention of farmers and truckers to "The Williams' Diamond Baskets." The cheapest and best basket ever offered in the market. They are of uniform size and weight—great strength and durability and can be sold at about one-third the price of ordinary truck baskets. For sale in large or small quantities, by
WOODRUFF & BROTHER,
No. 4 Arch St., Phila.
N. B.—Also for sale, all other kind of peach and truck baskets—at low prices. [Jun 28–3m

To the Public.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Middletown and vicinity that he is prepared with excellent Horses, Wagons and Carts to do all kinds of hauling at moderate rates. Proprietors of hotels and housekeepers will find it to their advantage to give him a call. Coal and lumber hauled at shortest notice. Orders for baggage or other parcels, left at the Post Office, will receive prompt attention.
N. B.—75 Loads of good building Sand for sale.
Jan. 4—1y. WM. W. WILSON.

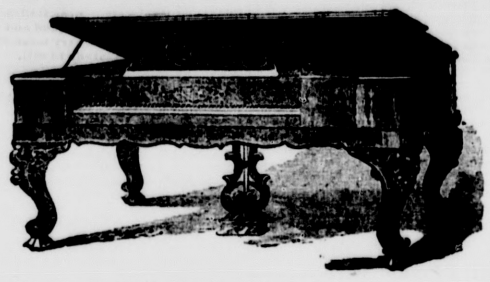
ASPHALTIC ROOFING FELT.

This Felt is thick, durable, and cheap. Coated ready for immediate use. Can be applied by inexperienced hands. Send for circular. For sale by MERCHANT & CO., Importers of Tin Plate, Metals, &c., 507 Market St., Phila. j73m

Professional and Amateur Musicians
Should examine the Combination Solo Stops, found only in GEO. WOODS & CO'S ORGANS.
THE ÆOLINE. A most delicate, soft or breathing stop.
THE VOX HUMANA. A baritone solo, not a fan or tremolo.
THE PIANO. A beautifully toned piano, which will never require tuning. See advertisement in another column. [Jun7 3m

Wilmington Advertisements.

KNABE PIANOS!



Marshall and Smith's Pianos, C. Meyrs' Pianos, J. Bauer's Pianos, and others.

Prince & Co.'s Organs, Smith's American Organs, New England Organs, Stools and Covers.

Sold for cash or on Monthly Instalments, only by Robelen & Bro. Wholesale and Retail Agents for Delaware, and Dealers in all kinds of Musical Instruments. Strings &c. &c.

Sheet Music, Church and Sunday School Books, Instruction Books for all Instruments. Send for Illustrated Catalogues and Price List to

ROBELEN & BRO.,
710 MARKET STREET, Wilmington, Delaware.

FALL 1873.

DRY GOODS STORES:
820 AND 822 MARKET STREET,
CARPET STORES:
220 AND 222 MARKET STREET.

Stock will in both stores be found this fall unusually attractive and cheap. Our recent arrangements with

Manufacturers, Foreign and Domestic,

enable us to offer the Choicest Assortments, and also give our trade the

LOW PRICES CONSEQUENT UPON DIRECT IMPORTATION.

MOTTO:

CHEAP, PROMPT, AND RELIABLE.

GRANVILLE WORRELL,
Wilmington, Delaware.
SEPTEMBER 13TH, 1873.

228 E. MOORE, 228
Manufacturer of FINE READY-MADE CLOTHING
FOR MEN AND BOYS.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING
ON HAND, MADE UP IN THE LATEST STYLE AND BEST MANNER.
ALSO, A GREAT VARIETY OF
PIECE GOODS, for Order Work.
Apr 22—1y 228 MARKET ST. Wilmington, Del.

The only Reliable Gift Distribution in the country

$50,000,00
IN VALUABLE GIFTS!!
TO BE DISTRIBUTED IN
L. D. SINE'S
163rd REGULAR MONTHLY
GIFT ENTERPRISE,
To be drawn Monday, Sept. 15th, 1873.
ONE GRAND CAPITAL PRIZE OF
$5,000 IN GOLD.
Two Prizes $1,000 } EACH IN
Five Prizes $ 500 } Greenbacks!
Ten Prizes $ 100 }
One Horse and Buggy, with Silver-mounted Harness, worth $600. One Fine-toned Rosewood Piano, worth $500. Ten family Sewing Machines, worth $100 each. Five Gold Watches and Chains, worth $300 each; Five Gold American Hunting Watches, worth $125 each; Ten Ladies' Gold Hunting watches, worth $75 each; 800 Gold and Silver Lever Hunting Watches (in all,) worth from $20 to $300 each; Gold Chains, Silver-ware, Jewelry, &c. &c.
Whole number Gifts, 6,500. Tickets Limited to 60,000.

☞ Agents Wanted to sell Tickets, to whom Liberal Premiums will be paid. Single Tickets $1.00; Six Tickets $5.00; Twelve Tickets $10; Twenty-five Tickets $20.00.

Circulars containing a full list of prizes, a description of the manner of drawing, and other information in reference to the Distribution, will be sent to any one ordering them. All letters must be addressed to

MAIN OFFICE, **L. D. SINE, Box 86,**
161 W. FIFTH St. CINCINNATI, O.
aug. 9—1y.

FURNITURE.
UNDERTAKING.
UPHOLSTERING.

The undersigned respectfully announces to the citizens of Middletown and vicinity that he has on hand a large and well selected stock of handsome and durable

Walnut and Other Furniture,

which he will sell very cheap for cash. Buying at wholesale cash rates he feels assured that he can sell as low as the same goods can be bought elsewhere. By buying of him purchasers will be saved the freight on their goods from the city. He is also prepared to attend to

Undertaking Work

at short notice, and in a manner excelled by none. Persons wishing Metallic or Wooden Caskets or Cases will find it to their advantage to call on him. He has, also,

TAYLOR & SON'S
Celebrated Corpse Preserver,

The Corpse may be dressed in the finest fabrics and not be soiled, (and can be seen at all times) as nothing but dry cold air enters the Casket.

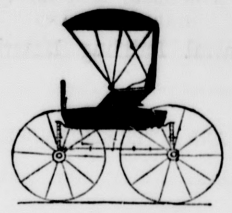
GEORGE W. WILSON,
Practical Cabinet Maker and Undertaker,
Feb1–6m Middletown Del.

J. HERMANN'S
Monumental Marble Works
Corner Delaware and Union Streets,
NEW CASTLE, DEL.
Monuments, Marble and Enameled Slate Mantels,
Furnished at short notice, & on reasonable terms

REFERENCES.
M. M. CLEAVER, PHILIP R. CLARK, ANDREW ELIASON
Sept. 4—tf

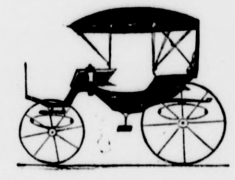
Carriages.

J. M. COX & BRO.,



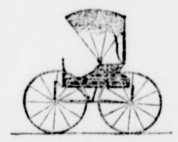
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.,
MANUFACTURE
ALL KINDS OF
CARRIAGES
A large Stock now on hand.
☞ All work warranted. [apr5–tf

CARRIAGES.
CARRIAGES.



GREAT inducements are offered to persons wanting good carriages at
ALEXANDER & SON'S
Carriage Works,
DELAWARE CITY, DEL.
They wish to inform their old customers and the public generally that they have on hand and make to order
CARRIAGES OF EVERY DESCRIPTION
and warranted to be of the best quality, which they offer at reasonable prices.
May 18—

FRANCIS DUGGAN.
St. Georges, Del.
MANUFACTURER OF



CARRIAGES
OF ALL KINDS.
Repairing done in a neat and substantial manner.
Patronage solicited, and satisfaction guaranteed.
Jan. 7—1y.

Medical, &c.

KEARNEY'S EXT. BUCHU,
Formerly with
(H. T. Helmbold)
TRADE MARK.

KEARNEY'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU,
Is the only Known Remedy for Bright's Disease and has cured every case of Diabetes in which it has been given. Irritation of the Neck of the Bladder and Inflammation of the Kidneys, Ulceration of the Kidneys and Bladder, Retention of Urine, Diseases of the Prostate Gland, Stone in the Bladder, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposit, and Mucous or Milky Discharges, and for Enfeebled and Delicate Constitutions of both Sexes, attended with the following symptoms: Loss of Power, Loss of Memory, Difficulty of Breathing, Weak Nerves, Wakefulness, Pain in the Back, Flushing of the Body, Eruption on the Face, Pallid Countenance, Lassitude of the System, etc.
Used by persons in the decline or change of life; after confinement or labor pains, bed-wetting in children, etc.
In many affections peculiar to ladies, the Extract Buchu is unequaled by any other remedy—As in Chlorosis or Retention, Irregularity, Painfulness or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus state of the Uterus, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Sterility, and for all complaints incident to the sex. It is prescribed extensively by the most eminent Physicians and Midwives for enfeebled and delicate constitutions of both sexes and all ages.
KEARNEY'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
Cures Diseases Arising from Imprudence, Habits of Dissipation, Etc., in all their stages, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience, and no exposure. It causes a frequent desire, and gives strength to, urinate, thereby removing Obstructions, Preventing and Curing Strictures of the Urethra, Allaying Pain and Inflammation, so frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling all poisonous matter.
KEARNEY'S EXTRACT BUCHU,
$1.25 per bottle or six bottles for $5.00, delivered to any address, secure from observation. Sold by druggists everywhere. Prepared by
KEARNEY & CO., 104 Duane St., N. Y.
to whom all letters for information should be addressed.
Feb 8–1y

$5 TO $20 Per day! Agents wanted. All classes of working people, of either sex, young or old, make more money at work for us in their spare moments, or all the time, than at anything else. Particulars free. Address G. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.
Oct. 12—1y.

Medical.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR
CONSUMPTION
which can be cured by a timely resort to this standard preparation, as has been proved by the hundreds of testimonials received by the proprietors. It is acknowledged by many prominent physicians to be the most reliable preparation ever introduced for the relief and cure of all Lung complaints, and is offered to the public, sanctioned by the experience of over forty years. When resorted to in season it seldom fails to effect a speedy cure in the most severe cases of Coughs, Bronchitis, Croup, Whooping Cough, Influenza, Asthma, Colds, Sore Throat, Pains or Soreness in the Chest and Side, Liver Complaint, Bleeding at the Lungs, &c. Wistar's Balsam does not dry up a Cough, and leave the cause behind, as is the case with most preparations, but it loosens and cleanses the lungs, and allays irritation, thus removing the cause of the complaint.
PREPARED BY
SETH W. FOWLE & SONS, Boston, Mass.,
And sold by Druggists and Dealers generally.

THE
NEW DISCOVERY
In Chemical and Medical Science.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cure **Incipient Consumption.**
Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cure **Catarrh.**
Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cure **Asthma.**
Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cure **Heart Disease.**
Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cure **Skin Diseases.**
Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Regulate the **Liver.**
Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Regulate the **Stomach** and **Bowels**
Dr GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cure all **Female Weaknesses,**
Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Purify the **Blood.**
Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cure **Diseases of the Throat.**
Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cure **Bronchitis.**
Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cure **"Rose Cold," or "Hay Fever"**
Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cure **Lung Diseases.**
Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cure **Constipation.**
Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cure **Salt Rheum.**
Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cure **Kidney Diseases.**
Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Prevent **Cholera & Yellow Fever**
Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Prevent **Malarious Fevers.**
Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Remove **Pain in the Breast.**
Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Remove **Pain** in the **Side** or **Back.**
Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Are a **Superior Tonic.**
Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Restore the **Appetite.**
Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Cause the **Food to Digest.**
Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Restore the **Weak** and **Debilitated**
Dr. GARVIN'S TAR REMEDIES Give **Tone to Your System.**

L. F. HYDE & CO.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS,
195 Seventh Ave., New York.
Dec. 21'72—1y.

AVOID QUACKS AND IMPOSTERS.
No Charge for Advice and Consultation.
Dr. J. B. Dyott, Graduate of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, author of several valuable works, can be consulted on all diseases of the Sexual or Urinary Organs, (which he has made an especial study), either in male or female, no matter from what cause originating, or of how long standing. A practice of 30 years enables him to treat diseases with success. Cures guaranteed. Charges reasonable. Those at a distance can forward letter describing symptoms, and enclosing stamp to prepay postage.
Send for the *Guide to Health*. Price 10 cents.
J. B. DYOTT, M. D., Physician and Surgeon,
104 Duane St., New York.

THE CUMBERLAND BITTERS
Have proved to be the best Vegetable Tonic in the market for Scrofula, General Debility, Liver Complaints, and all billious or dyspeptic states of the stomach and bowels. When used in connection Moat's Compound, from which plasters are made, is an infalliable remedy for Lame Back or Spine Disease. One single trial will convince the most skeptical. Sold by CHAMBERLAINE, Pharmaceutist, Middletown, Del. [Jul5–tf,